

# Sedalia Evening Democrat.

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 14, 1895.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

## WHAT MIGHT OCCUR.

United States Powerless to Protect Foreigners.

## SERIOUS COMPLICATIONS.

The Country Liable to be Involved in Foreign War by a Cranky Chief of Police.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—With two such incidents as the New Orleans and Walsenburg, Col., troubles facing them, and such affairs as the Rock Creek Springs massacre of Chinese, and the killing of the Italians in the background, the state department officials make no secret of their apprehension that the United States is destined to have serious difficulty in maintaining its treaty relations with foreign nations unless congress comes to the rescue. As it stands now, owing to the limitations placed upon the exercise of the federal power by statute, the government finds itself powerless to protect foreign citizens whom the United States is under solemn treaty obligations to protect.

Under our peculiar conditions, the national government can only look to the state to extend protection and if this is denied, or the measure of protection is inadequate, it can not interfere. Meanwhile, the state itself is wholly free from any responsibility to the foreign powers with which the United States has entered into treaty relations, and the powers are prohibited from even remonstrating with the offending state government; they can look for redress only to the helpless national government. So it is within the power of any erratic governor or weak mayor, or even an incompetent chief of police in any city, to force an issue that can be decided only by war and the fate of the whole nation may depend on the conduct of such officials. This matter was brought to the attention of congress by President Harrison at the instance of the late Secretary Blaine after the adjustment of the trouble that threatened war with Italy as the result of the killing of the Italians in New Orleans, but no action was taken to carry out the suggestion, probably owing to the fact that the necessary legislation might be regarded as an infringement upon the old states right theory. It is very probable, however, that President Cleveland will feel obliged to again call attention to the subject at the meeting of the next congress and point out how in the absence of such legislation he is obliged to appeal to congress to pay out of the money raised by the whole people large sums for indemnity for outrages committed by a disorderly element in one small place. Just what shape the proposed legislation will take cannot be now defined, but the prevailing idea will be to make it the business of the United States courts in all parts of the country to protect foreigners in the United States first, through the court deputies and, if that is not sufficient, then through the troops of the national government and do this without delay in all cases. This would require an amendment to the posse comitatus law, passed with the express pur-

pose to prevent the use of troops at elections, but proven to be of much wider scope than was intended and would otherwise harm the sensibilities of the strict constructionists of the states rights theory, but, as between this and the ever present danger of becoming involved in a foreign war without reasonable or just cause, it is believed that congress will not hesitate to declare for the law.

## WILL RECEIVE THEM

A Reception Committee of Fifty Appointed.

## BRING OUT YOUR SURREY.

After a Drive Over the City the Visitors Will Be Banqueted at the Park.

The committee appointed by the Board of Trade to designate a committee to receive the state officers and members of the legislature on the arrival of the special train from Jefferson City at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon have selected the following:

J. H. Bothwell, Jas. Glass, John J. Yeater, R. A. Blair, Wm. Beck, D. J. Holcomb, G. N. Boutell, W. D. Moore, Geo. F. Longan, Gus. Schnieder, John R. Gentry, Chas. L. Taylor, Geo. Healey, Lon Van Wagner, Frank Eastey, Chas. S. Eastey, J. E. Bittcher, Peter Pehl, Geo. C. Deckman, R. M. Olmsted, Chas. Hoffmann, Ira Hinsdale, S. D. Evans, Dr. E. C. Evans, Dr. Ira T. Bronson, P. D. Hastain, O. A. Crandall.

Another citizens' meeting to arrange for the entertainment of the visitors will be held at the court house tonight, and every citizen is urged to be present.

A telegram was received this afternoon by Capt. Stevens from Senator Yeater, in which he stated that the special train would carry 450 visitors to Sedalia, and Messrs. Fischer & Conrad will lay covers for 500 guests.

The Sedalia Military band will furnish music both afternoon and night, and that it will be the best to be had in the state goes without saying.

Mayor Webster Davis, of Kansas City, has been invited to be present at the banquet and it is believed that the invitation will be accepted.

### A Social by the Circle.

Queen City Grove No. 1, Woodmen circle, will give a ribbon bouquet social at their hall Friday evening, March 15th. All Woodmen of the World and their families are cordially invited.

### A Meeting Postponed.

The meeting of the members of Y. M. C. A. has been postponed to Friday evening, March 15th, at 7:30 o'clock, because of the inclement weather last evening.

**\$5.00**  
In Gold

Given to person guessing nearest number of inches in string in my show window.

### Contest . . .

Open until April 1st, '95.

### Guessed Free . . .

Three guesses allowed each person.

RESPECTFULLY,

Phil. E. Ott,

312 Ohio street.

### ARE WITH US.

One of St. Louis' Largest Firms Favors Capital Removal.

Harry Servant, the Ohio street druggist, has been of late adding at the foot of his correspondence to wholesale houses in St. Louis and Kansas City this line, "Are you with us on capital removal?" The query has in nearly every case brought happy responses and the following is one among them: Servant's Pharmacy, Sedalia, Mo.:

ST. LOUIS, March 13, '95.—GENTLEMEN:—In response to your esteemed favor of the 11th inst., we have to state that we are in favor of having the capital removed from Jefferson City to Sedalia, as we have an opportunity for and do a large amount of business in Sedalia, while Jefferson City is no good at

all. We will support this move in any way that lies in our power. Yours very truly.

This being from the largest house of the kind in the west, is a long straw for Sedalia.

### STOLE A \$125 PIN.

John Ferguson Fined \$25 and Costs for the Theft.

In Justice Levens' court, today, John Ferguson, a 16-year-old boy, pleaded guilty to the theft of a \$125 diamond pin from J. D. McGinniss, of St. Louis, and was fined \$25 and costs. The prisoner went to jail.

The theft was committed on the occasion of a recent visit here by McGinniss, and the pin was given by Ferguson to Eddie Moffitt, of this city, who pawned it in Kansas City for \$15.

Later, Moffitt attempted to dispose of the pawn ticket, which led to his arrest, and also to an explanation on his part as to how he became possessed of the diamond.

Chief of Police Kahrs went to Kansas City after Moffitt last evening, but he will not be returned here, as McGinniss refused to come from St. Louis to prosecute, so young Ferguson was permitted to plead guilty to petit larceny, with the result stated.

### Dick Gentry's Namesake.

R. T. Gentry learned today that Mr. and Mrs. Nat Skinner, of Vinita, I. T., have named their infant son in his honor, the full name being Richard D. Skinner. Nat Skinner is a brother of John R. Skinner, and is well known in Sedalia.

### Released and Recommitted.

Babe Williams, colored, was released from jail today, after having served thirty-two days for petit larceny, only to be promptly rearrested for the theft of minor articles from Mrs. Dr. Dresel.

### WILL INVEST HERE.

A Capitalist of Holt County Favors Capital Removal.

Manager F. E. Gibbons, of the Western Union, is in receipt of a letter from his uncle, John H. Ponshon, a capitalist of Mound City, Holt county, in which he says that a large majority of the people of his town and county are in favor of the removal of the capital to Sedalia.

Mr. Ponshon wants his nephew to meet Senator Kennish, of Mound City, who voted for the capital removal resolution and who will be here Saturday with the general assembly.

In concluding his letter, Mr. Ponshon says he expects to visit the Future Capital City soon and will invest some money here.

Administrator Appointed.

Probate Judge Nichols today appointed P. G. Stafford administrator ad bonis non, with will annexed, of the estate of Julianna Hackman, deceased.

### First Mortgage Real Estate Coupon Bonds

FOR SALE . . .

Sedalia Loan  
& Security Co  
309 OHIO ST.

### BLACK and RUSSIA Shoes AND Oxfords



Spring styles  
now in at

Vwm. Courtney's.

all. We will support this move in any way that lies in our power. Yours very truly.

This being from the largest house of the kind in the west, is a long straw for Sedalia.

### How to Secure

### The Capitol

Now that much has been accomplished towards bringing the capital to Sedalia, you must not lose sight of the fact that much more needs to be done to secure it. Unceasing perseverance and vigorous work is highly necessary in order to be successful. A call for extra effort will be made upon all your citizens; the man of a somewhat depleted nerve system as well as the one with vigorous functions will be pressed into service.

To be able to more fully endure the strain that must be put forth, you should not fail to have your nerve and muscle system thoroughly toned up for the occasion, that you may not only enter into the work with a winning spirit, but that you may be possessed with the force of endurance so essential that victory will be assured.

Aug. T. Fleischmann will sell you the great nerve and muscle tonic and strengthening cordial—LOUTON'S NERVOXAN, purely vegetable and perfectly harmless—recommended especially for brain workers.

### WATCH

for our Next  
Announcement.

24 lbs. Granulated Sugar . . . . .	\$1.00
Coffee, from . . . . .	22½ to 35
Good Rice, per lb. . . . .	95
XXX Crackers . . . . .	95
Good California Prunes . . . . .	95
Loose Muscatel Raisins . . . . .	95
Fancy London Layer Raisins . . . . .	98
Large Bar Soap, 6 for . . . . .	25
Salt Meat, per lb. . . . .	98
Hams, per lb. . . . .	10
Tomatoes, 3 for . . . . .	25
Sugar Corn, 4 for . . . . .	25
Sugar Corn, 5 for . . . . .	25
California Peach, Pear and Apricots, 2 for . . . . .	25
Flour, 60 to . . . . .	75
Cheese, per lb. . . . .	10

RESPECTFULLY,

W. E. Poindexter,

N. E. Cor. 6th and Ohio. Phone 34.

Wanted.

A white girl to cook for boarding house. Good pay. Enquire at Sixth and Massachusetts.

## SEDALIA NATIONAL BANK.

Capital, \$100,000.00; Surplus, \$11,500.00.

Have moved to their new banking room, southwest corner Third and Ohio streets.

DIRECTORS:—E. R. Blair, Pres.; J. H. Bothwell, Vice Pres.; F. W. Shultz, Cashier; W. A. Lower, J. W. Murphy, Martin Renkin, Chris. Hye, H. G. Clark, Dr. D. F. Brown, Charles E. Musick, Dr. W. H. Evans, William Courtney, H. W. Meuschke, Dr. E. F. Yancey, Henry Lamm.

We invite your business and offer to depositors every facility which their business and responsibility warrant.

## Landmann Bros' Special Bargains

A good 7-room House, 1210 East Eleventh street.

5 room House, 810 East Fifth street.

8-room House, 615 West Seventh street, with good Barn.

8-room House, northwest corner Tenth and Osage, with Gas and Water.

6-room Modern House two-story, gas, water, &c., near Broadway school; price, \$1,800.

We also have a nice 40-acre tract about 1-4 mile from city limits

Also vacant lots on East Broadway.

The above are only a few of our special bargains. Call and see us.

Landmann Bros', Real Estate, Loans and Abstracts.

## Real Estate . . .

The best bargains in the city

can be had of the

## Porter Real Estate Co.,

404 Ohio Street, with People's Bank.

### The Workingman's Friend

Sugar, Granulated 24 lbs . . . . .	\$1.00
Mexican Roast Coffee, per lb. . . . .	.22½¢
Tea, choice Young Hyson per lb. . . . .	.20¢
Lard, Choice per lb. . . . .	.75¢
Bacon, per lb. . . . .	.8¢
Raisins, per lb. . . . .	.5¢
California Prunes, per lb. . . . .	.5¢
3 X Soda Crackers, per lb. . . . .	.5¢
Pure Maple Sugar, per lb. . . . .	.10¢
Navy Beans, 6 lbs for . . . . .	.25¢
Rolled Oats, 8 lbs for . . . . .	.25¢
Buckwheat, Pure, 6 lbs for . . . . .	.25¢
Mince Meat, 3 packages for . . . . .	.25¢
Tomatoes, 3 cans for . . . . .	.25¢
Sugar Corn, 4 cans for . . . . .	.25¢
Golden Drip Syrup, per gallon . . . . .	.30¢
Jelly, per pint . . . . .	.45¢
Salt Fish, per dozen . . . . .	.20¢

### W. HAIN,

CASH GROCER, 303 Ohio St.

### LUMBER . . .

Complete stock of everything usually carried by lumber yards . . .

### The Best Yard in Sedalia.

Everything under cover and well seasoned . . .

**SAM JONES CAUGHT.**

"A Dirty, Stinking Lie" That Failed to Pan Out.

**THE TERRIBLE TRAGEDY**

That Never Occurred, But Which the Eminent Divine Tells About—What Sam Says.

Rev. Sam Jones is fond of complaining that he is misrepresented; that to use his own words, he is lied about persistently, says the St. Louis Star-Sayings. This has been his burden of complaint during all his addresses in St. Louis. For instance, in his stag talk to the men on Sunday afternoon, he claimed that many of the derogatory tales told about him were circulated by the drummers, and he went on to say: "And these cussing drummers have gone all over this country and circulated a thousand lies on me. I have caught some of them at it."

"Why, Sam Jones said so and so, and I listened to it and said: 'Did you hear him say that?' 'Well,' I says, 'I am Sam Jones, and I want you to know that that is a dirty stinken lie you are telling on me.'"

Well, talking about what Rev. Scm calls "dirty stinking lies," here is one very bad example of them, and it is on Sam himself. In his talk to men only at Music Hall on Sunday afternoon, Jones told the following story. It is quoted verbatim from the Globe-Democrat of Monday, which paper reports the Jones talks in short-hand:

## A CINCINNATI TRAGEDY.

When I was preaching in the city of Cincinnati I went out—boys, hear me—and I picked up the Enquirer one morning while I was there, and I read that a young man of that city, of a prominent family, was at a shameless house, a prominent house of shame, the night before. He walked in and said to the madam of the house: "I want the prettiest and freshest girl you have got," and then walked up to his room where he generally stayed. He walked into the room, and presently a girl came sweeping into the room, and he struck a match and lit the gas and turned his eyes on the girl, and instantly jerked his pistol from his hip pocket—bang! bang! And with a heavy, dull thud the girl fell on the floor and died. And when they ran into the room they said, "O, what have you done?" He said, "That is my own sister, and I will kill her before she shall come to a house like this." And I said the next night in Music hall, Cincinnati, that that girl had as much business in that bawdy house as her brother had there. O, my countrymen, it is time to call a halt; call a halt."

## A STARTLING CONTRADICTION.

The Star-Sayings was pretty certain that such a tragedy had never occurred in Cincinnati. A murder like the one detailed would have impressed itself on the mind of any citizen, and especially on a newspaper man, and it would never have been forgotten. To make assurance doubly sure, however, the Star-Sayings at once put itself into communication with Gen. Morton L. Hawkins, editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, in which paper Rev. Sam emphatically stated he read the matter. Gen. Hawkins is an old citizen of Cincinnati, and a newspaper man of many years standing. He is thoroughly familiar with the local history of that city for the last quarter of a century at least. He was sheriff of Hamilton county at the time the rioters made the historical attack upon the Cincinnati jail, and his heroic defense of the prisoners forms a thrilling chapter in American history. Recently Gen. Hawkins has been in charge of the Chronicle here, when he was called to take editorial control of the Enquirer. To him a telegram was sent, asking whether the tragedy had occurred and the story had been published in the Enquirer. To this the following answer was received:

## THE DENIAL.

CINCINNATI, O., March 11.  
To the Editor of the Star-Sayings.

Nothing of the kind stated in your dispatch ever occurred here.

MORTON L. HAWKINS,  
Editor Enquirer.

Gen. Hawkins, at the head of a great paper like the Enquirer, had all the means at hand for tracing the murder, if any such occurred. His denial makes the story what Jones himself would call a "dirty, stinken lie." And Jones' explana-

tion, given below, does not straighten out matters a little bit.

## JONES TRIES TO EXPLAIN.

When asked about the matter today, Sam Jones said:

"I may be mistaken about the particular newspaper. It may not have been the Enquirer. If not it was some other Cincinnati newspaper. I don't know that the affair happened. I did not say that it did. I had no information about it except what I read in the newspaper. I told my audience Sunday that I read of the incident.

"I did read about it in a Cincinnati morning newspaper, and I told my audience about it the same evening in my sermon.

"The account was published in January, 1886. I remember this because I had just left St. Louis, and it was printed in the newspaper in which I read it a few days after I commenced my engagement in Cincinnati."

## SHOULD TRY AGAIN.

The "explanation" does not explain. In the first place, Jones stated without any qualification that the story was printed in the Enquirer. That is not true. He

stated that the murder occurred in Cincinnati. That is not true. It is morally certain that it never occurred anywhere. A man like Sam Jones, who is always insisting on the truth being told and jumping on the men that lie about him, should be more careful about using such a lie and locating it so definitely. His audience has a right to expect him to be more reliable. He has no right to say now that he did not know where the story was printed, when he told 5,000 persons on Sunday that it was printed in the Enquirer.

The Rev. Mr. Jones should explain once more, or the "cussing drummers" will be saying the same thing about him that he says about them.

The undersigned desire us to publish the following extract from a letter of Chas. M. Gutfeld, of Reedley, Fresno Co., Cal., as they handle the remedy referred to and want their customers to know what a splendid medicine it is:

"It is with pleasure I tell you that by one day's use of Chamberlain's Cough remedy I was relieved of a very severe cold. My head was completely stopped up and I could not sleep at night. I can recommend this remedy." A cold nearly always starts in the head and afterwards extends to the throat and lungs. By using this remedy freely as soon as the cold has been contracted it will cure the cold at once and prevent it from extending to the lungs.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, H. W. Servant, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, O. M. Brooks, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

Chamberlain's Remedies at Fleischmann's, Fourth and Ohio.

## Needles 15 Cents Per Dozen.

Missouri, New Home, Domestic and Singer.

Parts and needles for all make of machines sold by us.

Missouri sewing machine, \$20 to \$25. Machines priced by others \$45 to \$65, no better. The Missouri sewing machine is manufactured by the National Sewing Machine Co. at Belvidere, Ill. Each machine is fully guaranteed by this company; also by myself.

J. O. KURTZ,  
122 West Third Street,  
Sedalia, Mo.

## A Card to the Public.

As there are a good many designs and devices being printed on commercial stationery, we are called upon to announce that the Board of Trade will soon adopt an appropriate design to be used by our merchants and business men. When the design is completed the Sedalia Printing Co. will immediately have it engraved and print it in different colors, WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE. Please bear this in mind.

W. F. WALLER, Manager.

## To Printers!

A bargain is offered in my Roll Wrapping Paper Press, bed 13x10 inches, in good condition, with re-winder, cutter (for sheet paper), slitters, counter, overhead fixtures, scales, trucks and 24 mercantile cuts.

GEO. R. LINGLE,  
Clinton, Mo.

## A Grand Ball

Will be given Monday evening, March 18th, in honor of St. Patrick's day, at Armory hall, under the auspices of the Queen City Athletic club. Tickets, 75 cents per couple.

## Household Goods for Sale.

Plush parlor furniture, Brussels carpet, mattress, office writing desk, new gasoline stoves, &c. Parties are leaving city. 407 East Second street.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder  
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma

**CADET ETIQUETTE.**

## ANOMALIES OF THE RULES OF SOCIAL LIFE AT WEST POINT.

They Are Curious, But at the Academy They Seem Both Harmless and Proper—The Scheme of One Astute Youth.

The etiquette of West Point is certainly a curious institution. It has been evolved out of the peculiar conditions which exist at the military academy, and only those who have been there can fully appreciate how harmless and proper it seems in its surroundings.

For instance, when a cadet receives permission to make out a girl's hop card, he signs her name, with his own opposite, in a book provided by the hop managers for that purpose. Then, any other youth who wishes dances on that girl's card, knows to whom he must apply for them.

Many are the complications arising from this system, and it behooves him who wishes to dance with a belle to apply early, lest he find her card full.

Often, when there are few girls visiting on the post, a man who has been fortunate enough to secure one, and who wishes to dance a good deal himself will refuse to give dances, except to such as can give them in exchange.

A story is told of one astute youth who wished for more than his allotted four dances, yet feared it would look strange for his name to appear six or eight times. In order to overcome the difficulty, he put down the names of the guard detail that day.

They, of course, could not be present; so, when the time came for their dances, with profuse apologies he appeared before his charmer and explained that Mr. Dumjohn was unavoidably detained and might he offer himself instead?

At graduation hop, however, there is usually such a multitude of girls that many men make out more than one card, and rumor hath it that once a "spooky" youngster was driven nearly frantic in a vain effort to keep thirteen cards from being tangled up. But then cadets will exaggerate.

There are other reasons why this hop is an important event at West Point. Not only does it mark the departure of the fledgling lieutenants from their hitherto well-guarded nest, but it also brings socially to light the erst undeveloped resources of the plebe or lowest class.

Throughout the first year at West Point regulations and custom do everything to suppress that exuberance which freshmen at other colleges feel, and the plebe is taught to consider himself so small in every way as to be totally unfit to shine in society till the training of his first year has "licked him into shape." And, in the long run, this view is about correct.

If a maiden comes to West Point without friends at the academy, she can have her hop card made out just the same by sending her name to the hop managers. They will provide partners for her and introduce them at the proper time. And this is another of those anomalies which West Point etiquette gives rise to.

The hops are held at the mess hall, and between each dance the walks in its vicinity are filled with cadets and their partners, cooling off and enjoying the moonlight, if there be any; if not, they enjoy the darkness equally.—Illustrated American.

## POPULARITY OF THE BANJO.

The banjo is coming into greater popularity every day, says the Chicago Record. It is made very simply and can be sold correspondingly cheap. The banjo was the invention of a negro who lived in the town of Banjoomas, near the south coast of Java, about fifty years ago. He was the direct descendant, no doubt, of Noah's son Ham, who is said to have invented the violin and strung it with hairs from the possum's tail, leaving that member hairless forever afterward. The Java negro took a cheese-box, and, crossing it with goatskin, he ran a handle through it. Then he fitted it with violin strings, tuning them to the first, third, fifth and eighth notes of the octave. Having thus completed the instrument he named it "banjo," after the town in which he lived, and proceeded forthwith to "make it talk." Its popularity grew with tremendous rapidity, making a conquest of London not many years ago with the "Ethiopian Serenaders."

## SOUND PROOF.

A gentleman who lives in a southern town the other day employed a carpenter to partition off a part of his study, and particularly instructed the workman to make the partition sound proof. The carpenter declared that he could do this effectually with a filling of sawdust. When it was finished the gentleman stood on one side and called to the carpenter on the other: "Can you hear me, Smith?"

"No, sir; not a bit," was the prompt reply.—Munsey's.

# WALL PAPER

**3-4 OFF**

Now is the time for bargains.

**3-4 OFF**

**Eastey & Caldwell**

**208 Ohio St.**

## DEMOCRATS, ATTENTION!

## OFFICIAL CALL FOR WARD DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES.

The agricultural college is to be taken away from Columbia and she does not know what may happen next.—Lexington News.

## RELIGION FOR ALL.

5 gal. best coal oil .....	.50
Best standard corn per doz..	.75
Best California dried peaches per lb.....	.10
Best California apricots per pound.....	.10
Star tobacco, per lb.....	.40
Extra fancy syrup per gal...	.50
Best family flour per cwt...	\$1.20
6 cans tomatoes.....	.45
Kettle rendered lard per lb...	.10
Northern potatoes per bu...	.80
Stillwell hams.....	.11

J. K. YEATER'S,  
TEL. 151. 114 West Main.

## SEEDS! SEEDS!

I will carry a full line of field and garden seeds; also buggies, surreys, plows, planters and farm machinery.

D. BLOCHER,

115 East Main street.

## FOR RENT.

A nicely furnished front room, first floor; also good barn; call at 405 West Fourth street.

## COMPETENT GIRL

Wanted at 803 East Broadway.

## A NEW LODGE INSTITUTED.

Capital lodge of the Order of Aegis, with 211 charter members, the largest in the order's history,

## DON'T STOP TOBACCO

ITS INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stopping of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases, the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted.

## BACO-CURO.

It is pure y vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with BACO-CURO.

It will notify

you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. An iron-clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms, or money refunded.

Price \$1.00 per box or 3 boxes (30 days treatment and guaranteed cure) \$2.50. For sale by all druggists or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX. Booklets and proofs free.

EUREKA CHEMICAL & MFG CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

Office of PIONEER PRESS COMPANY, C. W. HORNICK, SUPT.

Dear Sirs—I have been a tobacco fiend for many years, and during the past two years my system became affected, until my physician told me I must give up the use of tobacco for the time being, at least. I tried the so-called "Keely Cure," "To-Bac," and various other remedies, until I came to today. I have now been using your preparation, and the horrible craving for tobacco, which every inveterate smoker fully appreciates, has completely left me. I consider your "Baco Curo" simply wonderful, and can fully recommend it.

C. W. HORNICK,

# THE HUB

By Odds the Newest, Neatest and Most Fashionable Stock of

## CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS,

### AND HATS

Ever opened in Sedalia. Our goods are arriving daily. Everything is new and of the very latest styles and patterns. If an elegant stock, modest prices and courteous treatment to all is an important factor, we will certainly merit your patronage.

## THE HUB,

206 OHIO STREET,

SEDALIA, MO.

### A POLISHED TRAMP.

**His Language Knocked Silly the Woman Whom He Asked for Bread**

The tramp at the kitchen door was not such a bad looking fellow, but when he spoke the lady of the house was quite shocked by his language, says the Detroit Free Press. "Mornin', mum," said he to her. "What do you wish?" she replied. "Kin I swipe a vuctual er two this mornin', mum?"

"No. I'm a fraid I do not see. "Look ag'in, mum," he grinned. "What I'm needin' is a slug uv feed. Somethin' to kinder throw in fer linin' uv myself, mum. See?"

"I think," she answered gravely, "that you want something to eat, and I am quite willing to let you have a good meal, but why do you use such wretched language? Can you express yourself in no better way?"

The tramp came a little nearer and removing his hat, cast his eye over his shoulder cautiously.

"I hope, madam," he said almost in a whisper, "that you will pardon my uncouth diction. It is more than a pleasure to me, madam, to assure you that such language is not my native tongue. But, madam, owing to circumstances over which I had no control, I have been compelled to abjure those sesquipedalities and euphemisms of expression in my later years which in my earlier were congruous and incidental to my subtegulaneous and extraoraneous environments. In other words, madam, I was born in Boston, and until my later adolescence was adnacent thereto, but latterly, there has been developing such a prejudice against the inherited intellectualities of that superior city that to avoid the contumely of the contumacious canaille, I have been compelled to conceal my identity under a cloak of contrariety which shocks my sensibilities infinitely more than it does yours, madam, for I take it that you are not Boston born."

She shook her head in speechless bewilderment, and he followed her into the kitchen and ate everything there was in sight.

Death of L. S. Parrish.

L. S. Parrish, a former wood and coal dealer, died at his home on Sixteenth street, yesterday afternoon, of Bright's disease. The de-

ceased was 55 years old and for some time past had been totally blind. The interment will take place at Bethlehem cemetery tomorrow.

### HE LOST \$850.

**Painted Diamonds Fooled a Kansas City Man.**

For answering an advertisement in a morning paper, a few days ago, W. H. H. Freeman, a prominent attorney of Kansas City, formerly of Chicago, is loser just \$850. He loaned \$1,000 on diamonds offered as security, which now turn out to be worth but \$150. The man who visited Mr. Freeman after receiving a letter in answer to the advertisement was neatly dressed, of convincing speech and polite demeanor. He presented himself as an owner and backer of racing horses, which had been out of form during the last season, and whose losses had temporarily embarrassed him.

The diamonds, which he offered as security for a loan, were handsome gems, the one in a plain gold ring and the other in a stud. By C. L. Lee, the jeweler who examined the stones for Freeman, they were declared of remarkable purity. The diamond in the ring weighed five karats. The other stone was not quite so large, but had slightly less flaw.

The stud stone, the expert, after careful examination, valued at \$1,300, the other at \$1,250. In less than half an hour after meeting the pretended horseman, the former had loaned him \$1,000 and had taken the diamonds as security.

It was several days before Freeman discovered that he had been defrauded, and then no trace of the sharper could be found. Not only was the attorney buncoed, but the jeweler was completely deceived by the appearance of the diamonds, they having been changed by "painting," a most difficult and unusual process.

### Special Watch Sale.

See the mammoth watch in Bard's window; only a few steps around the corner, and he will appreciate a call.

**Smoke the National Golden Rod,** the best 10c cigar in the city. Manufactured by C. Henkomp, 218 Lamine street.

**The High School Building.**  
The school board will hold a meeting at the office of Superintendent G. V. Buchanan at 4 o'clock this afternoon, when definite action will be taken in regard to the erection of a new high school building, to cost \$30,000.

In the fall of 1893 a son of Mr. T. A. McFarland, a prominent merchant of Live Oak, Sutter Co., Cal., was taken with a very heavy cold. The pains in his chest were so severe that he had spasms and was threatened with pneumonia. His father gave him several large doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which broke up the cough and cured him. Mr. McFarland says whenever his children have croup he invariably gives them Chamberlain's Cough remedy and it always cures them. He considers it the best cough remedy in the market.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, H. W. Servant, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowen, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, O. M. Brooks, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

**Chamberlain's remedies at Fleischmann's, Fourth and Ohio.**

### For Rent.

Offices and sleeping rooms for rent.

### Real Estate

Bought, sold and exchanged. Apply at room 4, Hurley's building, 112 East Third. ED HURLEY.

### Hon. W. J. Bryan.

the gifted orator and statesman, at Wood's opera house Monday evening, March 18. Subject, "Thomas Jefferson Still Lives."

### For School Children.

Half rate tickets for school children can be had at the office of the office of the Electric Railway Co., 500 East Ninth street.

### A CALIFORNIA POINTER.

You are not asked to buy tickets over the Santa Fe Route to California, unless fully convinced that it is a better line than any other.

Convincing facts cheerfully furnished by local agents, or they can be had by addressing G. T. Nicholson, G. P. A., Monadnock Building, Chicago.

Here is one: No other road owns its own tracks and runs Pullman palace and tourist sleepers daily all the way between Chicago and Los Angeles.

And another: Our tourist sleepers are first-class in comfort and second-class in price, a combination that ought to please.

And still another: Our line is several hundred miles the shortest and many hours the quickest—a saving of time counts for a good deal in a long journey.

### McLaughlin Bros.,

#### GREAT

### Furniture House,

515-517 Ohio St., Sedalia, Mo.



### Very Little Furniture

Is better than it looks. No defects are covered up in ours. A glance at our \$15.00 Bedroom Suit cannot fail to satisfy any lover of fine goods. It is without a rival at the price. In beauty of design it is unsurpassed. Every part and joint is perfect. Our \$22.50 Dining Room Suit is an instance of remarkable value at low figures. Durability is one of its strong points, as in all our furniture. An examination will be a pleasant surprise.

**Undertakers.** — This department largest and most complete in the city.

**Metallic and Cloth Covered Cases,** all sizes, in stock. Night clerk at store.

Telephone No. 8.

### McLaughlin Bros.

#### Do you know . . .

That the SEDALIA GROCERY CO. is making prices on their entire line of fine Staple and Fancy groceries that are below all competition.

#### You ought to . . .

Know where you can buy the best goods for the least money and as "a dollar saved is a dollar made," you should examine our prices before parting with your hard earned dollars.

**SEDALIA GROCER CO.,**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,

106-108 East Fifth St., Sedalia, Mo.

### Newest of the New

When your head whirls like a top, when sleep forsakes your eyelids and you wear the hide off turning over, the witchery of Blair Bros. is abroad and the angels are weeping over your ignorance that their first act is over and the second coming.

Money down when they buy goods is why their's is always the cheapest house for you—when they shake a money bag under the greedy nose of a pagan, prices take a drop—and so they have been there, and their house has a colic from an overabundance of spring greens, and every one a dandelion.

We can show you a line of tailor-made padded shouldered Suits in patterns and style unequalled, at their wholesale prices.

We can show you a 1,000 pairs of Pants in newest patterns, all sizes, for less than you buy the cloth.

We can show you cases of Hats worth \$2.00, for a dollar.

Boys' Double-breasted Black Suits for the price of the wool.

Shirts of a hundred colors and at better prices than anybody's.

Ties for 25c that are sold at 50c.

Underwear that tickles the skin with pleasure.

Children Suits that suggest the buttercups of springtime.

Every article for less money than anybody else will sell the same goods—and every one a new one.

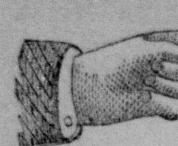
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**KEEP YOUR HEADS** ~~~

... AND ...

— C Blairs.





# That "Ad" You Have Been Waiting For!

Below we mention a few of the prices at the NEW DEPARTMENT STORE. "Drops in the bucket," they can only be indicators. For entire satisfaction come down to 119 and 121 OHIO STREET and test our ability to give you the best the new tariff makes possible. We will be glad to show you our Bargains whether you wish to buy or not. Remember opening day,

FRIDAY, MARCH 15! 9 o'clock a.m.

## SOUVENIRS . . .

IT has been quite popular to present visitors on opening days with some pretty trifles generally of no practical use; instead we will give the following articles at the prices quoted, not for one day only, but for as long as the lots last. Not an article mentioned could be bought at wholesale today for double our souvenir price:

LOT 1 Fifty dozen French embroidered, scalloped bordered White Lawn Handkerchiefs, a twenty-five cent bargain—Our souvenir price as long as they last, ten cents each.

LOT 2 A thirty dozen assortment (perhaps fifty styles), of Ladies' Neck and Scarf Pins—rolled and triple gold plate—wholesale value two dollars and fifty cents to six dollars a dozen—Our souvenir price ten cents each.

LOT 3 Ten dozen Ladies', Boys', and Gentlemen's Pocket Knives—popular standard make—an assortment of really good knives, wholesale price one seventy-five to two dollars per dozen—Our souvenir price ten cents each.

LOT 4 About one hundred superior quality Writing Tablets, five and a half by nine inches,

with seventy-five pages good smooth ruled paper, usually sells at ten cents—Our souvenir price, four cents.

LOT 5 This is for the little boys. One hundred Garden tools—rakes, hoes and shovels, with polished blades and good handles; the retail price is usually fifteen to twenty cents—Our souvenir price, five cents.

15 Good Window Shades, six feet long, with the patent Hartshorn roller and brackets, all ready for use at fifteen cents.

19 Double-fold Cashmeres, half-wool, a full line of the latest colors and shades, nine cents. The best cheap dress goods in the market.

19 A good line of colors in an all-wool filled Cashmere, thirty-two inches wide and about twenty pieces of Novelty Suitings and changeable effects, the usual price thirty cents; our price nineteen cents.

39 An excellent quality of all-wool Cashmere, a good line of colors, nice smooth goods, thirty-eight inches wide, same quality retails at fifty cents; our price thirty-nine cents.

10 Gents' good wire buckle suspenders (new web) fresh goods at ten cents.

Our twenty-five cent suspenders can't be matched in any furnishing goods store for much less than a dollar.

14 Fourteen cents per yard for standard table Oilcloth, the best in the market, a yard and ten inches wide.

19 Nineteen cents a square yard floor Oilcloth, three widths, one yard, a yard and a half and two yards wide.

49 We keep no low grade Corsets; They do not give satisfaction. Compare our three special numbers at forty-nine cents, sixty-nine cents and ninety-eight cents with any you please at twenty-five cents higher.

2 Silk Ribbons, beautiful line of shades, No. 2, two cents; No. 5, three cents; No. 7, four cents; No. 9, five cents; No. 12, six cents per yard.

11 Turkey Red Table Damask, eleven cents a yard, all grades in colored, cream and bleached up to ninety-eight cents a yard and all away under value.

8 You must see our Fast Black Sateens; we begin at eight cents. Our ten cent quality has the finish of many fifteen cent qualities; our fifteen is fifty per cent better than our ten and our nineteen cent is a corker for the money.

4 A yard wide unbleached Muslin at four cents; this same brand is sold at six cents.

3 Best quality (remember we say BEST quality) Spool Silk three cents per spool, Twist, same brand one and a half cents a spool, Knitting Silk nineteen cents.

139 Boys' Wool Suits, (coat and knee pants) as good as you can usually buy at two dollars and fifty cents, our price is one dollar and thirty-nine cents.

19 Boys' Knee Pants, strong and durable, worth twice what we ask for them, nineteen cents.

49 Poor Overalls are dear at any price; we keep only grades that will give satisfaction. We sell a good one at forty-nine cents.

89 Wire and Rubber Door Mats (the large two dollar size) for eighty-nine cents; only a few of these.

2 Laces are worth just about one-half the price they were last year. We sell a very pretty little edge at two cents. Then we have laces that run as high as a dollar a yard and over.

98 Ladies' Silk Umbrellas, twenty-six inch rib. Paragon frame with a natural wood handle, assorted styles; a regular dollar and a half parasol, for ninety-eight cents.

4 Full Standard Prints, about one hundred pieces Turkey reds, Oil

reds, Indigo, gray, mourning and fancy styles, all at four cents a yard.

5 In Hose our aim is to get the best wearers possible at the price. Our five cent hose is fast black and the best we have ever seen retailed for the money; the same is true of our nine cent, nineteen cent, twenty-five cent and a dozen other grades in ladies', men's and children's we might mention. What we want is comparison; quality cannot be described satisfactorily in printer's ink.

5 About fifty pieces of Tennis flannels and Outing cloths, very pretty styles in stripes and checks in dark, medium and light, at five cents, eight cents and ten cents a yard.

22 Wool Challies; these are the wide full twenty-nine in. goods, new designs, at twenty-two cents a yard; we also have a better grade at thirty-nine cents, the same that usually retails at fifty cents.

28 We have two fourteen foot tables in the back end of the store devoted to Tinware, Hardware, Woodenware and a dozen other wares sold at prices only possible under our system of doing business.

## SPECIALS . . .

Extraordinary values in children's and misses' hose. Compare our five-cent, nine-cent, fifteen cent, twenty cent and twenty-five cent ladies' black hose with the best values you can find. Every pair guaranteed absolutely fast black.

Staples are usually sold cheap enough in Sedalia, but even in these we are able to save you some money.

Full standard dress prints, new spring goods, handsome styles, four cents a yard.

Indigo blue prints, four cents a yard.

Turkey red figured prints, four cents a yard.

All silk ribbons, beautiful line of colors. Way under values in moires and plain satins.

Our dress goods' values cannot be described—you must see them to appreciate them.

We buy and sell only for Spot Cash. Every article guaranteed as represented. The same prices or less will continue, but this advertisement will not appear again. Cut it out and bring it with you. Take the trouble to read it carefully—there is money in it for you.

Yours for Business,

## The Sedalia Cash Dry Goods Co.

119 and 121 OHIO STREET

### PACIFIC AGAINST ATLANTIC. Western Fishing Companies Competing in Eastern Markets.

The prediction made at the time of the acquisition of Alaska by the United States that her halibut fisheries would in time compete with those of the North Atlantic seems about to be verified, says the Boston Herald. Four years ago companies engaged in halibut fishing at Seattle conceived the idea that their product could be sold in Boston at a fair profit and sent large shipments to this city up to November last. It proved to be a financial failure, however, and was abandoned.

In November last four companies at Vancouver began to ship large quantities of halibut to Boston and their product was handled entirely by the New England Halibut company and the Atlantic Halibut company for New England. These shipments are made over the Canadian Pacific railroad and the car load of halibut is attached to the passenger train, which makes the trip in about seven days. When the fish reach Boston the two companies dispose of it to the dealers all over New England.

The fish of Vancouver compares in flavor to the North Atlantic halibut and sells for the same to the consumer, but the dealer has the benefit of 1½ cents difference in cost, the eastern halibut selling at 8½ cents per hundred, while the Vancouver halibut sells at 7 cents.

There have been 200,000 pounds of this fish shipped from the west this week. The price of western halibut is so low that it is impossible for the eastern fishing vessels to do any business, as they are compelled to run at a loss.

After March these shipments will cease, as it will be impossible to handle the product on account of the risk that is attached to perishable goods. The goods will spoil before reaching their destination unless repacked with ice along the road, and that will not be profitable.

This is the first season that these companies have shipped their product to Boston. Their object is to drive out the halibut business in the east and to unload their product in Boston. These western companies can make a fishing trip in about ten days, where it takes our vessels about four weeks to make the trip.

### MARBLE FROM LIMESTONE. A Successful Industry Developed at Chelsea, England.

The production of marble from limestone by artificial means, some time since, undertaken at Chelsea,

England, is stated to have proven a successful industry. The process is described as simple—a French invention—and by it all limestones or chalk may be converted into the semblance of marble of any tint or combination of shades, while the specific gravity is increased 25 per cent. With limestone carving or turning is more easily done than with marble, and the first process after this is the veining, as follows: On the surface of water there is sprinkled a varnish composed of sesqui-oxide of iron, gum and turpentine, and water being unstable, a freedom of design is obtained, especially when the turpentine is broken up by sprinkling of soap; the stone is dipped on the turpentine and subsequently immersed in baths of metallic solutions, these being sulphates of iron, copper or zinc, separate or in combinations, the specific gravity varying from 1.2 to 1.5—these being termed the primary colors, variety of shade being obtained by different periods of immersion or by varying the order of tanks used, while the varnish prevents the sulphates affecting the stone at those points, according to the density of the varnish. After this treatment in the sulphate baths, the stone is immersed in a water bath, maintained at 50 degrees centigrade, to thoroughly fix the colors, all air meanwhile being expelled. The process thus far takes only a few minutes, and the stone is then dried in an oven at 90 to 100 degrees centigrade, remaining some 24 hours; it is then immersed for a corresponding period in an indurating bath, a solution of sulphate of zinc, which does not affect the color, but effectually imparts to the stone the hardness, density and specific gravity of marble, with its beauty and coloring; it is afterward polished.

### Wild Enough for Her.

At the dinner table in a country hotel a guest says to a waitress:

"Miss, are you sure that this is wild duck that you are giving me?"

"Wild? Well, I should think it was! If you'd a seen us chasin' that duck more'n forty times 'round the barnyard 'fore we ketched it, I guess you'd believe it was wild."—Youth's Companion.

### How to Do Business.

A well-written advertisement, run in a good paper, with a bona-fide circulation, which is bought and paid for by good people because of its true worth, is the most successful method of attracting business known to the world of trade.—Straws.

### In the Nick of Time.

The head of the great house of Crocker & Company, importers and dealers in all kinds of fine china, stood at the door of his establishment, gazing abstractedly across the street. Suddenly his eyes were transfixed by an object in the distance that was moving methodically toward his doorway. Pausing for a brief instant to make sure that he was not mistaken, he rushed frantically to the rear of the store and called excitedly to the several clerks who were busy there:

"Quick! Help me bar up the entrance. There is no time to be lost. Even now all our valuable stock is in imminent peril."

Hastening to the front of the store, in a few seconds they were all engaged in fastening down the iron shutters, locking the doors, and making all secure against the visitation of the strange figure that was even now upon the threshold.

Then it was that the head of the house turned with joyful face and triumphant air toward the brave band of assembled employees who had by their promptness in the hour of danger saved him from perhaps total loss. In a voice trembling with emotion, he said:

"Boys, I cannot thank you enough! If that servant girl of mine had ever got in here, I should have been ruined!"—Puck.

### THE TIMID SUMMER GIRL.

*She May Be Pale-Faced and Slender, But Her Lungs Are Sound.*

And what would a summer resort be without the timid girl? Something like a circus without red lemonade, I imagine.

The timid girl may be pale-faced and as slender as a fishing rod, but her lungs are perfect Samson lungs. You hear her squeal in the early morning and you listen to her calliope shriek the last thing before sailing off into the land of nod.

Big, buzzy bugs that fly into the summer resorter's eyes and ears are her especial horror, and the sight of one is likely to make her execute a sudden but exceedingly original Indian schottish. In the bowling alley she is very unhappy for fear that the balls will jump up and hit her; a sailboat that tips the least bit sends shivers like lightning streaks up and down her back and a nice plump grasshopper placed on her hand makes the frolicsome joker pray for a peaceful grave where timid girls are not and lungs cease to burst from overwork.—Chicago Record.

## Push, Rush, Grab,

## Remnant Sales Clearance Sales Fire Sales

Not in it when compared with the way the remaining stock of W. A. Crawford must be sold. The third and last cut made to sell the stuff.

## A Red Letter Day for Railroad People.

Drop in and see how much good desirable stuff you can take away for a little cash.

R. H. Moses,

Trustee.

320 Ohio Street.

## RAILROAD RUMBLE.

A Brave Little Woman as Station Agent.

## TRAIN ROBBERS FOILED.

Items of Interest Picked Up From Various Sources for the Benefit of "Democrat" Readers.

There is a brave little woman at Kimberly, on the Duluth-Staples division of the Northern Pacific, who saved from wreck and robbery the express which arrived in Duluth, Minn., at 7:25 last Saturday morning. Her name is Mrs. Reichards and she acts as station agent at Kimberly, which is a small station seventy-five miles west of Duluth.

About 11 o'clock last Friday night Mrs. Reichards was awakened by the sound of voices close to the platform. There were two men and they were planning to rob the east-bound express, which passes Kimberly at 4:30 a. m. They argued some time as to the best plan to get what booty there might be in the express car. One wanted to put ties on the track at a point where the speed would be great, but the other wanted to throw the train off the east end of the long curved bridge over Rice river, as in that case the passenger coaches along would go into the river and the express car would be thrown only to the embankment, where it could easily be plundered. The latter plan was agreed upon.

Just then one of the men, not suspecting that there was anybody inside of the station, proposed that they go inside for a few hours, and commenced to batter the door. The little woman, who had just crawled out of her bed to sound the alarm over the wire, picked up her revolver and sent the four bullets it contained through the door, putting the would-be robbers and murderers to flight. Then she seized the key, but she was so overcome with excitement that it was a long time before she could make herself understood, and the operators along line were dumfounded over the peculiar streak her telegraphy had taken.

Her husband is the night operator at Aitken, the nearest station, and he reported that the village marshal had during the night driven two rough looking tramps out of town. The episode caused demoralization to the freight service in the vicinity for a short time, but no obstructions were found on the track.

In the train dispatcher's office in Duluth they incline to the belief that somebody was trying to scare the woman, as she had been having trouble over some little matter, concerning which she had previously talked over the wire with her husband. But the train hands don't look at it in that way. They claim that tough-looking men had been hanging about the station for some time and that Mrs. Reichards saved the train and prevented an awful wreck and subsequent robbery. A move is now on foot to induce the Northern Pacific to give her a much better position than she at present holds.

## Good Times Are Coming.

There is a distinctly growing belief among the railroad officials that good times are at hand. The present depression has lasted uninterrupted for two years and out of that very fact grows the strongest belief that it is soon to end. Merchants everywhere have restricted their business to the cash basis and find themselves in the spring with no stocks on hand to satisfy the spring and summer trade. So universally is this the fact that railroad officials count confidently on the largest shipments in their history of package freight—the most profitable kind from an earnings' standpoint.

Aside from this rather theoretical proof comes the actual proof from all sides that local industries which have been languishing or dead during the past year are now preparing to resume business on the old scale. In the aggregate these industries number in the tens of thousands and each contributes its share to swell railroad traffic. They are the bone and sinew of railroad earnings and the unanimity with which they are again resuming business is proof sufficient to railroad officials that the day of decreased earnings is almost ended. Those roads which depend very largely on grain shipments for earnings will be slower to respond to this general increase in

business, but their officials are equally confident of restored prosperity when this year's crops begin to move.

Maintained freight rates seem now the one thing necessary for the prosperity of roads, and, except for the trouble over the divisions in the western pool, the situation is daily growing better than it has been in months.

## PICTURED STORY OF CRIME.

How a Domestic Tragedy Will Be Portrayed in a Chicago Court.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 14.—The defense of Jacob Miller, confessed slayer of his wife, will be unique. The novel idea of employing an artist to draw with all the skill at his command illustrations of the doings of the Miller family on the day of the killing was suggested, and it is by these sketches that Attorney Freudenthal hopes to clear his client.

The pictures are ten in number, and are drawn on heavy cardboard, 10x12 inches in size. They tell the story of the crime in full, and need neither text nor rhetoric to explain their meaning. The question of their admissibility as evidence was at first a matter of doubt, but that has been removed by the appearance of an eye-witness to all the scenes in the domestic drama, who will be able to identify the pictures as actual scenes in the Miller home on the day of the killing. No. 1 represents Mrs. Miller in a compromising situation. No. 2 pictures Miller returning home from his work, dinner-pail in hand. He has scarcely opened the door when the wife begins to beat him with a club. Next the supper scene pictures Mrs. Miller hurling a poker at her husband. The man starts to leave the room, but the club is again dealt vigorously as Miller flees. The face of the woman is demoniacal. Two more of the drawings are repetitions of those preceding, but in the sixth the wife falls to her knees and implores her husband to sue for a divorce and free her. She mentions the name of another for whom her love is greater. Through the doorway their two children view the scene with amazement. Miller prepares to go down town and retain a lawyer to secure him a decree. As he leaves the room his wife's fury returns, and seizing a hatchet she rushes at him. The shaving mug and brush are dropped, Miller retaining his hold upon the razor. He turns, and, just as the weapon in his wife's hands is about to descend, he uses the shining steel blade with terrible success. This, the last picture of the series, shows the wife falling back, the blood spurting from a wound in her throat, and the hatchet, with which she sought the life of her husband, falling from her lifeless hands.

The case is on the call for trial tomorrow morning in Judge Stein's court. This introduction of the picture play as a defense in a criminal trial will be watched intently by the legal profession.

## How to Cure Rheumatism.

ARAGO, COOS Co., Oregon, Nov. 10, 1893.—I wish to inform you of the great good Chamberlain's Pain Balm has done my wife. She has been troubled with rheumatism of the arms and hands for six months, and has tried many remedies prescribed for that complaint, but found no relief until she used this Pain Balm, one bottle of which has completely cured her. I take pleasure in recommending it for that trouble. Yours truly,

C. A. BULLARD.

50 cent and \$1 bottles.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, H. W. Servant, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, O. M. Brooks, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

Chamberlain's Remedies at Fleischmann's, Fourth and Ohio.

## Housewives, Attention!

Friday I will give one bar of Lenox soap free with every pound of coffee sold.

Saturday I will sell two pounds of tea for 25 cents. My goods are the best and cheapest. Come and get a free guess. You may win the \$10.00 lamp. Sedalia Tea Co., 412 Ohio street.

## Chosen as Special Judge.

At a meeting of the Saline county bar yesterday Hon. Samuel Boyd was unanimously chosen to act as special judge in the criminal court, which convenes at Marshall, March 18, in place of Hon. John E. Ryland, judge, who is in New York under medical treatment.

## LADIES!

Ladies desiring to paper their homes will find a large stock of wall paper at prices ranging from \$5 to 50¢ per roll at DEXTER'S BOOK STORE.

Book how to hang wall paper, free.

## FATALIY SHOT.

Otto Wernecke, of Bowling Green, Mo., Was Going Hunting.

Otto Wernecke was fatally shot yesterday at the farmhouse of the McCormick Live Stock company, near Bowling Green, Mo., while preparing for a duck hunt, and died at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The shooting was accidental.

Harry McCormick, of St. Louis, Pick Hawkins and Geo. Lee, of the stock farm, Wernecke and John Wilson, of Bowling Green, were starting for a hunt. Wilson had a hammerless breech-loader, which Wernecke, in a playful way, attempted to take from him. In some way he discharged the piece in such a manner that the contents of both barrels entered his abdomen on the right side.

## A Card.

To the Editor of the DEMOCRAT:

DEAR SIR.—We notice in your issue of March 3 an advertisement under head of "Still Another Enterprise," stating we were being supplied with meat by other parties here, etc.

Now, we want it distinctly understood that we are being furnished with meat by no one. We handle both home and Kansas City meats. The home, or Pettis county meat, we buy direct from the farmers ourselves; the Kansas City meats we order direct from the packing houses ourselves. By so doing this enables us to select nothing but the best cattle at home and order nothing but the choicest quality from Kansas City.

We keep on hand constantly the largest assortment in our line of any firm in the city. Nothing in our line that we cannot furnish.

We will sell you choice sugar cured hams at 10½ cents.

Get one of our prime roasts or some of our old fashioned country sausage, the only all pork sausage in town, for which we offer a reward of \$10 for every ounce of beef found in it. Call up telephone 120. NEWTON MEAT CO.

## For Sale.

Two-story house on Fourth street between my building and the M. E. church. As I desire to build, will sell same at private sale. If not sold before will sell at auction to the highest bidder on first day of April.

Conditions: That same be moved from the premises by the 10th of April.

LATOURE, Photographer.

## Board Wanted.

Young man wants furnished room and board in private family. Write full particulars at once to "D," DEMOCRAT office.

If you enjoy a good cigar we can please you. Our brands number 58 and are the cigars of cigars.

SERVANT'S PHARMACY.

Watches! Watches! Watches! Did you ever see so many? See them at Bard's

## ON ITS OWN RAILS



Now Run Solid

Houston San Antonio Galveston

...WITH WAGNER BUFFET SLEEPING CARS

...AND...

FREE CHAIR CARS.

A California Summer

Is scarcely less attractive than the winter season there....

You may doubt this. It is explained and verified in our illustrated book

"To California and Back."

For free copy address G. T. NICHOLSON, G. P. A.,

Monadnock Building, Chicago.

Rigs ready at all times to show property.

A fine business house on Ohio street, business houses on Main street, business houses on Sixth street, lots in most any part of the city, 100 fine farms in Pettis county

These are only a few of our hundreds of bargains. Don't wait till the boom is on before you invest. Now is the time to use your money so it will double itself. Write us or

call.

Rigs ready at all times to show property.

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Monadnock Building, Chicago.

Rigs ready at all times to show property.

A California Summer

Is scarcely less attractive than the winter season there....

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A California Summer

## AN EXPERT ON CREDIT.

He Gives Advice to Four Big Wholesale Firms.

How a New York Man Makes the Next Salary of \$20,000 a Year by Keeping Posted on Other People's Business.

A well-dressed, sharp-eyed man entered the office of one of the biggest jobbing houses in New York the other day and said to the head of the firm, a man worth many millions:

"Mr. —, I want to get a report on the credit of John Jones, of Waukegan."

The merchant touched a button which summoned the chief bookkeeper.

"I want you," he said, "to allow Mr. — to examine our account with John Jones of Waukegan, since he began trading here."

The visitor went out with the bookkeeper, and for an hour thereafter was looking over the books. He made a written statement from them, showing when and under what conditions John Jones had opened his account, the number of times he had purchased goods, the dates of shipping and payment, and such other details as would appear in the accounts of a mercantile house. Then he went back to the office of the head of the firm and asked some further questions about Mr. Jones, which the merchant, although very busy, promptly answered. Finally, he saw the salesman who had waited on Jones and had a confidential talk with him, so that when he left the store he knew all that this great firm could tell about Jones and his financial standing.

Information of this sort is most difficult to obtain from any merchant, and the books of this particular firm are especially hard to get at. In fact, with the exception of this one man, no one except members of the firm and the bookkeeper ever has access to them, not even the heads of departments. The explanation of this one outsider's privilege lies in the character of his business. He is engaged in protecting four of the leading jobbing firms of the United States, of which that referred to is one, from bad debts. He does this by examining their books. Each of these firms has about the same class of customers, although their business is not identical. He has a contract with each which allows him to examine its books at any time. Such examinations he always makes in person. When it is understood that there is hardly a merchant of any standing throughout the country who does not purchase from one of these four firms, it will be seen that such a privilege enables the person who uses it intelligently to get a pretty thorough knowledge of the financial standing and responsibility of nearly everybody who comes to this market to buy goods.

This man devotes himself entirely to the work that he has undertaken for these four firms, and receives from them a commission for every examination he makes. He receives no other pay. He is never applied to by any of the firms until after the regular commercial agencies have made their reports and the standing of the buyer still remains in doubt. While the rate he charges for examining an account is very small, his income is said to average \$20,000 a year. The firms who employ him consider that what they pay him is more than justified. A member of one of these firms said the other day that he had saved an average of \$3,800 a month for the last year through the information obtained from this examiner. That is, he would have sold goods worth that amount to men who subsequently failed without paying anything to their creditors, had he not been warned by the examiner's reports. In all these cases, too, the regular commercial agencies had reported favorably upon the persons who had applied for credit.—N. Y. Sun.

## FAST LOCOMOTIVES.

A Western Record of 112 Miles an Hour, However, Not Credited.

It has been claimed that the celebrated Empire world's fair express made one hundred and twelve miles an hour, but the statement fails entirely of authentication. The figure of 102.7 miles per hour for short distances appears to be nearer the mark, and even if there were an error of a second the rate would still have been 100 miles an hour. Between Jersey City and Philadelphia it is a common occurrence for the engines hauling the Blue line trains to reach ninety miles an hour. Speeds of over eighty-four miles an hour are often made by the Philadelphia & Reading and Central New Jersey flyers. In England, a Great Northern train has made 84.1 miles an hour; while a Midland train between London and Scotland has run up to the same speed. The London & Northwestern has gone up to 81.8. The continent of Europe does not appear to afford any examples at all approximating the American and English records, a fact attributable to the conservative dislike of the government officials to high speed rather than to actual inability.—Detroit Free Press.

## DIED IN MICHIGAN.

A Lady Whose Girlhood Was Spent in Sedalia.

Mrs. Stephen J. Kennedy, whose maiden name was Nina Booth, a former resident of Sedalia and in whose honor W. F. Waller's little daughter was named, died at Ironwood, Mich., March 7, aged 30 years and one month. The Nebraska City, Neb., Daily Press of March 10 says:

"Nina Booth Kennedy was born in Pennsylvania Feb. 8, 1865, and was left an orphan at the tender age of four years. She was given a home by her sisters in Sedalia, Mo., and after four years she was again homeless through the death of her sisters. She was given a home by her uncle, the late Edward Powell, of St. Joseph, in whom she found a loving father and whose family afforded a sweet mother, five true sisters and two devoted brothers. March 17, 1894, less than a year ago, she was married to Mr. Stephen J. Kennedy, of this city, the ceremony being solemnized at the home of her cousin, Milton P. Powell, of St. Joseph. The newly wedded couple located in Ironwood, Mich., where Mr. Kennedy held the position of manager of the Water and Light Co."

## Method in His Madness.

The Medical Press tells a story of a gentlemen who went to visit a friend who was an inmate of a lunatic asylum. When he had been there about half an hour he looked at the clock and asked if it was right. The lunatic gazed at him with a look of compassion for a minute or so, and then said: "Do you think it would be here if it was right, you lunatic?"

## Woes of the Composing-room.

Slug One—Ain't there a copy-right law in this country?

Slug Seven—Of course there is. Why?

Slug One—Nothin', only I wish some one would call the attention of that new reporter to it. He's had his copy right only about three times in six weeks, an' blamed if I ain't gettin' tired of correctin' it fer him.—Buffalo Courier.

## The Trilby Fad in Darktown.

"Aren't you ashamed," said the philanthropic lady, "to let your little girls go about barefooted as you do?"

"Sho', lady," replied Aunt Mirandy, "dat ain't no 'casion foh indignification. Dis famly is done cotch de Trilby fad."—Washington Star.

## High class perfumes—Servant's Pharmacy.

## Male Help Wanted.

WANTED—Salesmen.—\$75 per week, selling electric light outfits for houses, stores and shops. Motors for running machinery, and other popular patented articles; outfits complete when shipped; best people buy; permanent situation; no experience. W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio.

## Don't Believe Any Man.

Go there yourself, and if you can't buy anthing you want in groceries, country produce and all kinds of feed at the lowest cash prices, F. G. Lange won't ask you to buy. 308 WEST MAIN.

Telephone 63. Goods delivered promptly.

## Money to Lend.

We have a large sum of money to lend on farms and central city property. Call on or address A. P. Morey, 410 Ohio street, Sedalia, Mo.

## Get a Souvenir.

Inspect our new store and listen to the sweet music at our new store next Saturday eve at 8 o'clock. Brooks', Second and Ohio.

## Plum Pudding.

The latest piece of Chocolate at the Candy Palace.

## Garden Seed.

Fresh, northern grown garden seed, also field seed of all kinds.

## J. H. KINKEAD,

## 113 West Second.

## Bright and Sparkling

Capital chips at the Candy Palace. This is a very popular confection and not a citizen of Sedalia should fail to try them.

## Bard's Watch Sale.

Special watch sale this week at Bard's. Call and see them.

## Apples.

30 bushels Genius apples at the Candy Palace.

## Denber Hampden

Watches at Bard's in all grades. Special sale this week.

## THE TWICE-A-WEEK REPUBLIC.

Special Offer. Good Only Until March 31st, 1895.

Send two new subscribers with two dollars and get one year free. Send four new subscribers with four dollars and receive the paper two years without cost.

"Do you know a good thing when you see it? a word to the wise is sufficient." Address,

THE REPUBLIC,  
St. Louis, Mo.

— The Lone Star Shoe Shop.

Bring in your repairing now. I will do the best work in Sedalia for the least money.

Gents' fine oak tan half soles 50c; sewed, 90c.

Ladies' fine sewed soles, 50c; tacked soles, 45c.

Children's half soles, 25c and 35c.

N. B.—No use to pay others 75c and \$1.00 for what the Lone Star will do for 50c. I warrant every job to give satisfaction.

Lamine Street, one door south of Postoffice.

Bargains in Real Estate.

I offer for sale two good residences on West Tenth street, and two on West Fifth street; also fine building lots just West of Grand avenue on Sixth street. Terms reasonable; will accept monthly payments. ALBERT S. HAMMER, Eigentritz Bldg. Att'y-at-Law.

Three Dollars and Fifty Cents, Spot cash, will get you a ton of the Harris coal with one bunch of Electric kindling wood thrown in. Both coal and kindling are all O. K. Telephone 115. Office and yard, 218 Osage street.

Low Rates to Texas.

On April 2 the M. K. & T. railway will sell tickets to all points in Texas at greatly reduced rates. For particulars call on or address,

A. C. MINER, T. P. A.,  
211 Ohio Street, Sedalia, Mo.

World's Fair Watch.

Chas. Bard, the Second street jeweler, has on exhibition one of the mammoth watches displayed at the fair. By its side runs the smallest watch made in the United States.

Sale of a 320-Acre Farm.

Richard F. Harris and wife have sold 320 acres of land in section 8, township 45, range 21, the Judge Baker place, to J. C. Van Riper, for \$48,000.

Rev. Lowry at Marshall.

Rev. Lowry, the Little Rock, Ark., evangelist, who recently did such acceptable revival work at the First M. E. church, south, here, is to assist Rev. A. R. Faris in a series of meetings at Marshall.

For Rent.

A house, six rooms, 1015 East Broadway. Inquire of Pilkington, Ross & Hughes.

Fancy Apples.

Baldwins and Rhode Island Greenings at the Candy Palace.

See the new Elgin at Bard's.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Lucy E. Blocher and David Blocher, her husband, by their certain deed of trust, dated February 9th, 1889, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, Missouri, in trust deed record "five" on pages 559 and 560, conveyed to one R. C. Sneed, trustee for the First National bank of Sedalia, Missouri, the following described real estate, to-wit: the west half of lot number five (5), and the east half of lot number six (6), in block number four (4), of Webster's subdivision of lots 7, 8 and 9 of McVey's addition to the city of Sedalia, Missouri.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas said note has become due and is unpaid; and whereas it is provided in said trust deed that in case of the absence of said R. C. Sneed from the county of Pettis that the acting sheriff of Pettis county, Missouri, shall proceed to sell the described real estate at the west front door of the court house in the city of Sedalia and county of Pettis, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction on

Saturday, March 23rd, 1895, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to satisfy said note and the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

JOHN C. PORTER, Sheriff of Pettis County, Missouri, Ex-officio in Lieu of R. C. Sneed.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas Lucy E. Blocher and David Blocher, her husband, by their certain deed of trust, dated December 9th, 1890, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, Missouri, in trust deed record "five" on page 559, to one John Montgomery, Jr., trustee for the First National bank of Sedalia, Missouri, the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lots eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) of J. H. Doyles' addition to the city of Sedalia, Missouri.

Which said deed was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas said note has become due and is unpaid, now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and the undersigned trustee will proceed to sell the described real estate at the west front door of the court house, in the city of Sedalia, and county of Pettis, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction on

Saturday, March 23rd, 1895, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to satisfy said note and the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

JOHN MONTGOMERY, Jr., Trustee.

## Real Estate

## Bargains

The crowd of buyers rushed us the past week, but we still have a choice lot of property to offer at hard-time prices. Here are a few of them:

1 lot on West Third street, close in, \$1,000

7-room "Queen Ann" Cottage on South Prospect, \$1,700.

3-room Cottage on East Fourth, cheap.

5-room Cottage on North Prospect.

6-room House and 2 lots, Twelfth and Massachusetts, \$1,300.

3-room House on Bonnville street, \$450.

48 lots between Twentieth and Twenty-second streets, \$50 each.

A new 5-room House on South Osage, \$1,500.

8-room "Queen Ann" Cottage on South Vermont, \$2,000.

9-room House and 2 lots on Fifth Street.

A business house on Ohio street.

A business house on Fifth Street.

Business lots on Ohio Street.

9-room House on East Broadway, west of Railay, \$2,600, Barn, Etc.

A number of fine Farms.

We have some Farms for rent.

This is only a partial list of our numerous bargains. We have many good investments for people with cash, or will offer you some good trades.

NOTICE:—We change this programme every few days. Watch for it.

HALL & WOOLDRIDGE,  
Minter Block.

## A Quarter of a Year

FOR

## A Quarter of a Dollar

Only 25 Cents

THE

## Twice-a-Week Times

Two Big Eight Pages every Tuesday and Friday.

Latest Telegraph and Market Reports every Tuesday and Friday.

Special Feature For 1895.

The Children's Page.  
The Woman's Department.  
Farm and Agricultural News.  
And special Continued Stories.  
Politics and Politicians at Washington.  
Politics and Politicians at Jefferson City.  
The Sporting Page. Missouri Horse Page.

Read All the News in the Twice-A-Week Times.

Mailed to any Address.

THE DAILY

AND

## Sedalia Democrat.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

| Going East.                                                                       | Going West.                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Arrive. Depart.                                                                   | Arrive. Depart.                                      |
| No. 6 10:25 a.m. 10:30 a.m. No. 2 12:45 p.m. 12:50 p.m. No. 5 3:35 p.m. 3:40 p.m. | No. 3 8:55 a.m. 9:15 a.m. No. 11 3:15 p.m. 3:20 p.m. |
| No. 4 11:35 p.m. 12:01 a.m. No. 1 3:15 p.m. 3:20 p.m.                             | No. 8 12:40 a.m. 12:45 a.m. Local Freight 6:30 a.m.  |
| LEXINGTON BRANCH.                                                                 |                                                      |

| Going North and East.                               | Going South.                                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Arrive. Depart.                                     | Arrive. Depart.                                    |
| No. 3 8:25 a.m. 8:45 a.m. No. 3 8:55 a.m. 9:15 a.m. | No. 4 7:00 p.m. 7:20 p.m. No. 16:55 p.m. 7:15 p.m. |

## PERSONAL.

Mrs. N. M. Cooper, of Lexington, is at Sicker's.

Judge Joseph E. Carter is in from Green Ridge today.

Chief of Police Kahrs will return from Kansas City tonight.

Peter Haase, of Warrensburg, was in the city last evening.

Chas. Ewing, the tourist, came in from the north this morning.

W. O. Wheeler, in advance of the Black Crook, is at Sicker's.

Deputy Sheriff Ramsey was a passenger to Jefferson City today.

F. W. Stumpy, cashier of the Bank of Washington, is in the city.

Harry A. Cowan, of Danville, Ill., is the guest of Miss Jessie Ellis.

Miss Queen Alton is home from a visit with Miss Jessie Rogers at Warrensburg.

J. H. McMahon, the caterer, returned today from a business trip to Kansas City.

Major E. E. Clark returned to St. Louis today, after a visit with his family here.

Albert Drummond, a capitalist who is interested in Sedalia realty, is a visitor in the city.

Mrs. Laura Field returned last night from a visit to her brother and family at Mexico, Mo.

Mrs. Meade Stilwell, son and daughter left last night for a ten days' visit at Seymour, Ind.

Sheriff Bennett, of Henry county, arrived here this morning and left during the forenoon for the present state capital.

B. H. Ingram will shortly go on the road in the interest of the American Manufacturing concern, of Jamestown, N. Y.

Master Jack Harrab was here from Sedalia yesterday, visiting his mother, Mrs. J. A. Wilkinson.—Denison Herald, 12th.

John R. Skinner says he can't resist and will make several investments in Sedalia property before returning to the Indian territory.

Rev. Father Godfrey goes to St. Joseph this afternoon, and leaves there tomorrow evening for Chicago, to commence a mission Sunday.

Tim Collins, of Hose Co. No. 2, whose face was considerably bruised in a scuffle with Frank Kaler, is getting along nicely and will be at work in a day or two.

Louis Hammerslough, a former clothier of Kansas City, who afterwards established the Daily Globe, and who is now selling printing inks, is in the city today.

John Stewart, general agent for the Osborne Machine Co., is here from Nashville, Ill., and will make Sedalia his headquarters in future. His father is an old-time friend of Officer W. H. Mason.

P. J. Berry, manager of the Sedalia Implement Co., returned from Kansas City last night. He says he met a great many of the merchants and several of his old friends and was surprised to find them

## Our Grand Spring Sale

Begins tomorrow morning at nine o'clock sharp. Prices quoted that will literally pack our store with eager purchasers.

## Like a Cyclone

Bargains granted that will sweep this entire section like a cyclone. \$30,000.00 worth of new and seasonable goods to be sacrificed, affording all the opportunity of a lifetime to secure the grandest values ever offered in Central Missouri.

TOWELINGS.  
3½C Twenty-five pieces at just half the usual price; nothing wrong. The quality is good. We sort of struck a bargain ourselves, and tomorrow morning you will find the entire lot on our counters ticketed 3½C.

5C All Linen, heavy grade 10. Towels will be measured out to you this week at 5c.

10C All Linen, fancy check Towels, size 17x34 inches, the best values ever given here or elsewhere for 10c.

25C Extra large Towels, fancy borders and knotted fringe, splendid value at the spring sale price 25c.

TABLE LINENS.  
Housekeepers always find this department interesting.

13½C 600 yards real Turkey Red Table Linen, 25c almost anywhere you'd find this quality, to give additional interest to our spring sale we give you choice of the lot for 13½C.

28C Ten pieces half bleached, 52 inch wide Table Linen, a regular 40c price for 28c.

48C Extra wide German Bleached Linens; this is a special bargain being worth 65c to 75c; sale price 48c.

Small fringed Napkins for tea service only, 2½c each; large size fringed or fancy border Napkins for 5c.

BARGAINS IN OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

7½C Fifteen pieces White Goods including Check Nainsooks and Plaids and Stripes in Dimity effects, regular 12½c value; we let them go this week at 7½c.

5C Fifty pieces regular 7½c grade Outings, in a great variety of colorings a great big bargain at 5c.

75C Chenille Covers, rich designs and colorings, only 75c.

68C Good quality Crocheted Quilts, worth \$1.00, for 68c.

50C Twenty-five pairs Lace Curtains, the quality that others sell for 75c; our special spring sale price per pair 50c.

## WASH FABRICS.

30 Inch Puritan Fabric, new spring dress fabric, blue or black grounds with pretty dots and figures.

8½C Good taste of ladies selected 22 of the prettiest patterns, worth 12½c a yard, to be given away this week at 8½c.

10C Another spring and summer shirtwaist is already guaranteed. We are prepared for the big demand with a line of Percales in a great variety of styles at only 10c.

12½C Dots for stylish Suits with pretty dots and stripes on white, tan or blue grounds, sale price 12½c.

15C Pique with pretty color combinations in pink, in turquoise in heliotrope, etc, your choice for 15c.

## CAPES.

At prices ranging all the way from 75c up to \$2.00.

14.8 Double or triple cloth Capes in assorted colors, pinked edges and fancy collars, sale price \$1.48.

Capes showing lace, new Perforated and Applique effects, all handsomely trimmed at \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.50 and up.

A grand assortment of Black Cloth Capes, in newest designs at extremely low prices.

## HOSIERY.

One hundred pairs Misses and Children's black ribbed Hose, a grand hosiery bargain at 5c.

Ladies' fast black ribbed Hose, just as good, and maybe a little better than you will find elsewhere at 15c to 20c; our spring sale price 10c.

Finer grade Hosiery at 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

NOTIONS AND FANCY ARTICLES.

A line of boys' Windsor Ties, good value at 15c, literally given away at 5c each.

Novelties in jet, pearl, and white metal dress and belt buckles from 10c up.

Silk belts in black and red and tan stripes, your choice for 35c.

A great variety of China Silks, light or dark shades at 25c, 40c and 50c.

\$1.00 Fancy Silks for Waists, very newest designs and colorings, immense line to select from at 75c, 85c and \$1.00.

## Special

## 1000 Real Opaque

## Curtains

On Spring Rollers, plain or fancy border, worth 40c, 50c to 60c; your choice of the entire lot only.

~ 25c ~

Come quick to secure first choice; there will be a bigger rush for them even than there was Monday morning for Fruit of the Loom Muslin at 5c a yard.

## MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

The interest in spring wardrobes is not confined to our feminine customers. We lead men's goods as well.

25C Eight pieces of Men's Negligee Shirts, qualities that are well worth 40c our spring sale 25c.

Men's fancy Percale Shirts, with laundered collars and cuffs, worth \$1.25, very cheap at \$1.00.

Men's Maco Yarn ribbed Underwear, spring weight, extra good quality for 25c.

Men's black or tan seamless Half Hose, worth almost double, our spring sale price 10c.

Men's black or fancy Silk Ties, all the latest styles, extra good value at 25c.

## DRESS GOODS.

In a greater variety of styles and at lower prices than ever before.

A line of 34 inch Novelty Suitings that will look when made up, equal to the 50c and 75c grades, spring sale 25c.

50c A beautiful line of figured Novelty Goods, all the new shades, extra good value at 50c.

A large assortment of Silk and Wool Fancies, very stylish at prices ranging 85c, 90c and \$1.00.

## SILKS.

At the present low prices it is certain that silk will be more extensively used than ever before.

Ten pieces Kalkai Silks, white grounds with dainty pink, blue or tan stripes, your choice for 35c.

50c A great variety of China Silks, light or dark shades at 25c, 40c and 50c.

\$1.00 Fancy Silks for Waists, very newest designs and colorings, immense line to select from at 75c, 85c and \$1.00.

## UNDERWEAR.

7½C Ladies Ribbed Vests, the kind that usually sells for 10c, our special price 7½c.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests, low neck, and sleeveless tape around neck and arms only 10c.

25c Extra quality Vests, corn and white, silk tape or ribbon trimmings, sale price 25c.

## Royal Tailors

No. 110 East Second Street.

WILL open about March 10th with a full line of "No Tariff" Woolens suitable for Suits, Overcoats and Trousers at prices to suit the progressive people.

SUITS from \$15.00 to \$30.00. TROUSERS from \$4.00 to \$8.00

—FIT GUARANTEED—

WAIT AND SEE OUR ELEGANT LINE OF SPRING WOOLENS.

E. W. GREENE, Agent.

## Golden Wedding Anniversary.

Last Tuesday was the 50th wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Martin, of Versailles, father-in-law and mother-in-law of Jno. A. Hannay.

Mr. Martin is one of the pioneers of Morgan county. He has been the proprietor of the Hotel Martin for forty-one years, and is known far and wide among the traveling men. He is now 81 years of age, and, although he lost his eyesight some months since, he is still hale and hearty and as active as a man in middle life.

## A Conundrum Social.

A conundrum social will be held under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. Friday afternoon and evening, from 3 o'clock until 10, at the residence of Mrs. A. J. Hall on Lamine, between Tenth and Eleventh. Four prizes will be given and everybody invited. Refreshments. Admission, 15 cents.

## How Sedalia Worked "Jeff."

It seems that Jefferson City has not yet found out that St. Louis was really in with Sedalia in the capital removal scheme, says the Marshall Democrat-News, and suffered that overwhelming defeat to forever kill Jefferson City's chances to out-vote Sedalia in 1896. It now works to look as if Sedalia had worked a folding-bed racket on her rival.

## A Card.

I have accepted a position with W. E. Poindexter, corner Sixth and Ohio streets, and will be pleased to have my old friends and customers call and see me. Respt.

GEO. PEMBERTON.

Masonic Notice.

SEALIA A. A. CHAPTER NO. 18 will meet in regular convocation this Thursday evening, March 14th, 1895, at 7:00 o'clock.

Visiting companions are fraternally invited to attend. By order of

ARCH'D CAMPBELL, H. P.

Attest: J. H. MARA, Secretary.

If you want fresh pure drugs buy them from Servant's Pharmacy.

SHAMROCKS

-- FOR --

St. Patrick's Day

FREE

We shall present our patrons with Shamrocks, come and get them.

Distribution

Commences tomorrow at 8 o'clock a.m.

Each article in our house is marked in plain figures. One price to all.

ST. LOUIS CLOTHING CO.

# Sedalia Weekly Democrat

New Series.

Sedalia, Missouri: Friday, March 15 1895.

Price Five Cents.

## WHAT MIGHT OCCUR.

United States Powerless to Protect Foreigners.

## ERIOUS COMPLICATIONS.

The Country Liable to be Involved in Foreign War by a Cranky Chief of Police.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—With two such incidents as the New Orleans and Walsenburg, Col., troubles facing them, and such affairs as the Rock Creek Springs massacre of Chinese, and the killing of the Italians in the background, the state department officials make no secret of their apprehension that the United States is destined to have serious difficulty in maintaining its treaty relations with foreign nations unless congress comes to the rescue. As it stands now, owing to the limitations placed upon the exercise of the federal power by statute, the government finds itself powerless to protect foreign citizens whom the United States is under solemn treaty obligations to protect.

Under our peculiar conditions, the national government can only look to the state to extend protection and if this is denied, or the measure of protection is inadequate, it can not interfere. Meanwhile, the state itself is wholly free from any responsibility to the foreign powers with which the United States has entered into treaty relations, and the powers are prohibited from even remonstrating with the offending state government; they can look for redress only to the helpless national government. So it is within the power of any erratic governor or weak mayor, or even an incompetent chief of police in any city, to force an issue that can be decided only by war and the fate of the whole nation may depend on the conduct of such officials. This matter was brought to the attention of congress by President Harrison at the instance of the late Secretary Blaine after the adjustment of the trouble that threatened war with Italy as the result of the killing of the Italians in New Orleans, but no action was taken to carry out the suggestion, probably owing to the fact that the necessary legislation might be regarded as an infringement upon the old states right theory. It is very probable, however, that President Cleveland will feel obliged to again call attention to the subject at the meeting of the next congress and point out how in the absence of such legislation he is obliged to appeal to congress to pay out of the money raised by the whole people large sums for indemnity for outrages committed by a disorderly element in one small place. Just what shape the proposed legislation will take cannot be now defined, but the prevailing idea will be to make it the business of the United States courts in all parts of the country to protect foreigners in the United States first, through the court deputies and, if that is not sufficient, then through the troops of the national government and do this without delay in all cases. This would require an amendment to the posse comitatus law, passed with the express purpose to prevent the use of troops at elections, but proven to be of much wider scope than was intended and would otherwise harm the sensibilities of the strict constructionists of the states rights theory, but, as between this and the ever present danger of becoming involved in a foreign war without reasonable or just cause, it is believed that congress will not hesitate to declare for the law.

## WILL HAVE HIS HANDS FULL

President Cleveland Will Find All Europe to Care for on His Return.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.—When Mr. Cleveland returns from his duck shooting he will probably find the whole of Europe on his hands to take the place of congress which he dropped just before his vacation. The affairs of the state department are such as to furnish him occupation and food for thought for some time to come.

Austria is about the only country

that this government has not some sort of a complication with, and the harmony of our relations with Austria is threatened. Everything was all right with England up to this time, but now the shooting of the purser of the English vessel at New Orleans has created a complication there.

## GUTTED BY FIRE.

Bob Morrow's Court House Market Completely Ruined.

Bob N. Morrow's oyster, fruit and confectionery establishment, known as the Court House Market, was completely gutted by fire Wednesday morning at 1:30 o'clock, and only the very best of work by the fire department saved the magnificent building.

How the fire originated is not known, but the belief prevails that it was accidentally started by the dropping of a match among the inflammable material in the cellar by some one who had crawled in at the basement window for the purpose of committing a theft.

Captain Dick Baker, who is associated with Mr. Morrow, says that when he investigated this morning he discovered that the basement window, against which a lot of coal had been piled, had been removed, and this causes him to believe that a burglar prowling around in the basement, where considerable stock was kept, was responsible for the blaze.

The entire stock of goods was ruined, as were also the fixtures, but the loss is pretty well covered by \$2,500 insurance on fixtures and stock, divided between the Espenschied, Hoffman and Landmann agencies.

The building is owned by Ben P. Goodwin and is insured for \$14,000 in the Offield, Espenschied and Hoffman agencies. The loss, he estimates, will foot up in the neighborhood of \$2,000.

Mr. and Mrs. J. West Goodwin occupy rooms on the second floor, while Harry, Mr. Goodwin's son, slept on the third floor, and all were more or less suffocated by the dense volumes of smoke that poured upward.

The fire was discovered by Officer Raiffeisen and Gid Barrick, who turned in the alarm promptly.

## FOUGHT IN A CHURCH.

Poles Invade and Try to Capture St. Paul's at Omaha.

During the early morning mass at St. Paul's Roman Catholic church in Omaha Tuesday a party of Poles who were formerly members of the congregation, but who were ousted by Bishop Scannell, entered the church and attempted to take possession. Fr. Karminski, who was saying mass, resisted the attempt to capture the church, and one of the invading parties opened fire. Fr. Karminski at once drew a revolver and fired into the attacking party. After a long fusillade the invaders withdrew, leaving their wounded in the church.

The police were at once summoned, and after a hard fight they took possession of the church. Several people were arrested, among them Father Karminski, and they are now in jail.

## EADS KNEW "PANSY."

He Also Knew of Her Frailties When He Appointed Her.

Today's St. Joseph Gazette contains the following in its Jefferson City correspondence:

The committee on clerical force, to which was referred the investigation of the engrossing room scandal, has concluded its work. The investigation disclosed facts in accordance with the exposure as published in a recent issue of the Gazette.

In addition to verifying the assertion that a young woman of flexible morals had a place on the engrossing force, evidence before the committee showed that Henry L. Eads, chief engrossing clerk, was not unaware of the young woman's weakness. Another charge freely made against Mr. Eads is that he had been carrying a man on the force who had done nothing but draw his pay. A few good men were thus forced to do all the work.

In conclusion, the report, as prepared and ready for the chairman's

signature, recommends that Mr. Eads be publicly reprimanded in the house. The report has not yet been presented, and among democrats there is much doubt as to whether it ever will be. The committee in charge of the investigation is composed of Messrs. Tubbs, Russell, Bittinger, Bothwell and Davidson. Mr. Davidson is the only democrat on the committee. He has reduced the report to writing and submitted it to the republican members for their signature. While they acknowledge the truth contained in the report, it is not believed that they will sign it if evasion is possible.

Henry L. Eads, the chief clerk of the engrossing force, who is under a cloud, is well known in Northwest Missouri, his home being at Gallatin. He was the republican candidate for state senator against Senator Morton last fall. He formerly resided in St. Joseph. Miss Johnson, alias Howe, whose presence created the talk that led up to the investigation, is still in Jefferson City. However, she has not appeared at the state house since her resignation.

## HOURS INCREASED.

The M., K. & T. Shopmen Will Work Ten Hours Hereafter.

Samuel Irvin, superintendent of car department for the M., K. & T., caused the following notice to be bulletined at the company shops here Wednesday:

"NOTICE:—Commencing tomorrow, Thursday, March 14th, the working time for this shop will be increased from eight to ten hours per day, except Saturdays, which will be nine hours."

There was general rejoicing among the employees when the order was bulletined, and if Superintendent Irvin could have heard the kindly expressions indulged in he

will be greatly encouraged.

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## MINERS VICTORIOUS.

Check Weigher Found Guilty of Cutting Weight.

The first case tried in the state under the section of the new mining law regulating the system of weighing the output at coal mines for the protection of the miner was tried in Justice Davis' court at Nevada Tuesday, and resulted in a victory for the miners.

The case grew out of differences that have existed for some weeks between the operators and the miners at Henry & Brown's pit at Panama, Vernon county. The men claimed that when they had no check weigher they lost from 300 to 500 pounds on the box. Finally, when they placed a check weigher on duty he was simply a figurehead and the weights were cut as before. The company's weigher was, therefore, arrested and the jury found him guilty of violating the law and assessed his fine at \$300. The case was appealed, but the miners are nevertheless greatly encouraged.

## First Mortgage Real Estate Coupon Bonds

.. FOR SALE ..

Sedalia Loan  
& Security Co

309 OHIO ST.

## BLACK and RUSSIA Shoes AND Oxfords

Spring styles

now in at

Vwm, Courtney's.

would have felt amply repaid for the effort that he made to secure the increase of hours.

The "Katy" is all right by a large majority, and so are its officials.

## FIFTY INDICTMENTS.

The Work of the Grand Jury in Lafayette County.

The grand jury for Lafayette county adjourned yesterday, after being in session eight days. They returned fifty true bills, one for murder in the first degree, the others ranging from grand larceny to manslaughter. Constable Joseph M. Cavanaugh was indicted for embezzlement.

J. D. Shewalter was elected special judge at this term of the criminal court on account of the illness of Judge John E. Ryland.

The following prisoners were sentenced: Henry Winston, grand larceny, two years; John Yates, burglary and larceny, three years; Thomas Schaffer, grand larceny, two years; Henry Clayton, grand larceny, two years; Bert Freshwater, grand larceny, two years; Jas. McCarthy, highway robbery, two years; W. H. Dooley, assault to kill, fined \$100 and costs. The prisoners will be held in jail at Lexington until the quarantine is raised at Jefferson City.

Warrensburg Is With Us.

A Warrensburg business man concludes a letter to Mr. J. K. Yeater, of this city, as follows: "You say you have the capital. Warrensburg is with you; and Warrensburg having the best building stone in this country should have the contract to furnish the stone for your buildings."

Apples.  
30 bushels Geniting apples at the Candy Palace.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder  
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma

## FIVE MEN SHOT.

A Colorado Mob Does Deadly Work.

## A FOUL MURDER AVENGED

Italians Who Murdered a Sheriff Shot to Death—A Race War Is Feared.

Ponson says he expects to visit the Future Capital City soon and will invest some money here.

## A Rocky Law Suit.

The law suit over the so-called "petrified man" in Springfield was a rocky affair in more senses than one, says the Clinton Democrat.

It bore every evidence of a put-up job—merely a "friendly" law suit for advertising purposes. The courts were invoked, grief-stricken relatives related their bereavement of thirty years' standing, and theatrically identified the stone image, all in the endeavor to convince a skeptical public that the stone man was a petrification and not a mere work of cement.

The jury decided, as any jury would under the circumstances, that it didn't know a blamed thing about it.

## Golden Wedding Anniversary.

Last Tuesday was the 50th wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Martin, of Versailles, father-in-law and mother-in-law of Jno. A. Hannay.

Mr. Martin is one of the pioneers of Morgan county. He has been the proprietor of the Hotel Martin for forty-one years, and is known far and wide among the traveling men. He is now 81 years of age, and, although he lost his eyesight some months since, he is still hale and hearty and as active as a man in middle life.

## Method in His Madness.

The Medical Press tells a story of a gentleman who went to visit a friend who was an inmate of a lunatic asylum. When he had been there about half an hour he looked at the clock and asked if it was right. The lunatic gazed at him with a look of compassion for a minute or so, and then said: "Do you think it would be here if it was right, you lunatic?"

## How Sedalia Worked "Jeff."

It seems that Jefferson City has not yet found out that St. Louis was really in with Sedalia in the capital removal scheme, says the Marshall Democrat News, and suffered that overwhelming defeat to forever kill Jefferson City's chances to out-vote Sedalia in 1896. It now begins to look as if Sedalia had worked a folding-bed racket on her rival.

## Wedded Last Night.

F. S. Thompson, the efficient day agent for the Missouri Pacific at Otterville, and Miss Myrtle Lee were married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Barnhart, on Boonville street in this city, at 8 o'clock last night, Rev. J. S. Myers officiating. The congratulations of the DEMOCRAT are extended.

## Chosen as Special Judge.

At a meeting of the Saline county bar yesterday Hon. Samuel Boyd was unanimously chosen to act as special judge in the criminal court, which convenes at Marshall, March 18, in place of Hon. John E. Ryland, judge, who is in New York under medical treatment.

## Wanted.

A young man with \$30. Salary \$75 per month. Inquire for A. Stewart, Hotel Riley, Sedalia.

## MARKET REPORTS.

**LIVE STOCK.**  
St. Louis, Mo., Mar. 13.—CATTLE—Receipts 1,700; shipments, 1,600. Market strong and sales 10% higher. Good to choice native steers, \$4.00-\$5.50; fair to medium, \$4.00-\$4.75; light, \$3.25-\$3.75; cows, \$2.00-\$3.25; feeders, \$1.50-\$2.00; calves, \$1.00-\$1.50; fed hogs—Receipts, \$3.40-\$4.00; market, \$3.75-\$4.25.

**HOGS—Receipts, 5,800; shipments, \$0.75-\$1.25.**

**SHEEP—Receipts, 2,000; shipments, .90-\$1.40.**

**Market spot—Native mixed, \$3.75-\$4.60; Texas, \$3.40-\$4.45.**

## GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

**ST. LOUIS, Mar. 13.—FLOUR—Receipts, 2,000 barrels and shipments 4,000 barrels. Further advanced. Patents, \$2.80-\$2.90; extra, \$2.50-\$2.65; fancy, \$2.30-\$2.40; choice, \$2.10-\$2.25.**

**WHEAT—Receipts, 3,000 bushels and shipments, 15,000 bushels. Although the market opened 1/4**

# SEDALIA WINS

Her Vote Showed Stronger Than Ever in the Senate.

## BIG VICTORY YESTERDAY.

The St. Louis Proposition Knocked Out In Short Order, With No Trouble.

## WATERLOO FOR OLD JEFF.

The Vote Stood Two for St. Louis to Twenty-Six for the Queen City.

## YEATER SCORES AGAIN.

His Bill Regarding the Deposit Goes to Engrossment Without Change.

Special to the DEMOCRAT.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Mar. 9.—This has been Sedalia Day in the senate and with her brilliant young senator as leader and true friends from every section of Missouri the Queen City of the Prairies more than held the position she had won when the resolution for removing the capital from Jefferson City achieved its first memorable victory.

This morning the Wurdeman resolution submitting an amendment to remove the capital to St. Louis county was called up and the author made an attempt to urge its passage. It was plainly to be seen, however, that the senate had sized up the proposition as merely a trick to divide the friends of capital removal. The suspicious friendship which Jefferson City manifested for the proposition too plainly indicated its purpose.

Senator Yeater replied to Wurdeman's argument and completely demolished it. Yeater is a forcible speaker, an expert parliamentarian and a safe and trusty leader.

Yeater's argument was reinforced by short and pointed remarks from Senators Gray, Turnell, Goodykoontz, and Senator Landrum, who voted against the Sedalia resolution on February 20th, made an eloquent argument in favor of the Queen City.

Then Wurdeman closed the argument in favor of the St. Louis resolution, after which the roll was called and the resolution to submit the question of removal to St. Louis was defeated by the following vote:

Yeas: Morton and Wurdeman—2.

Nays: Ameling, Ballard, Bassett, Brewster, Busche, Davission, Drum, Dunn, Gash, Goodykoontz, Gray, Kennish, Klene, Landrum, Lyman, McClintic, Morrissey, Mott, O'Bannon, Orchard, Peers, Powers, Seaber, Tunnell, Walker and Yeater—26, with three of Sedalia's friends absent.

It was a glorious victory!

Jefferson City was well represented in the lobby, and as the roll call proceeded the fate of the resolution could be read in the faces of the anxious spectators. After weeks of hard work against Sedalia they found her stronger in the senate than she was on the day the resolution passed. They found the senators true to Sedalia, true to themselves and true to the people they represent, and in this emphatic expression from the senate, Jefferson City read the verdict that the people of the state will render at the polls.

Indeed, had Jefferson City been working for Sedalia she could not have mapped out a more effective campaign in the interest of the Queen City than she has pursued in her desperate effort to deprive the people of the state of the first opportunity they have ever enjoyed of voting directly upon the question of the location of the seat of government.

As the Davidson resolution, condemning the alleged hasty action, afforded the house an opportunity to exercise its expression in favor of Sedalia, so the St. Louis proposition afforded the senators an opportunity to say by their votes that since they have had time to think over the matter and have heard from their constituents they are more than ever convinced that their former decision in favor of Sedalia was right.

But this was not all of the day's record.

Another Victory.

Yeater had on his fighting clothes, and while capital removal was up

he thought it well to call up his bill authorizing the governor to receive and pass upon the guarantee which Sedalia proposes to give for the faithful performance of her pledge to erect new state buildings free of cost.

In this, as upon the former measure, Morton fought Sedalia at every point and sought to load down the bill with objectionable amendments. But Yeater was ready for him at all turns and worsted him at every point, and not a single amendment objected to by the Sedalia senator went through.

At last, after a long and brilliant debate, the bill was ordered to engrossment and given the right of way both in engrossment and printing, and on Monday it will be called up and passed.

This bill, introduced by Sedalia's senator and pushed forward on the calendar, meets the objection that has been urged that "Sedalia does not intend to build the capitol." It shows that Sedalia is in earnest in what she has promised, for it is Sedalia herself that is pushing the bill concerning the guarantee.

Today's work should be sufficient to convince everybody that the capital removal amendment will go to the people just as it originally passed the general assembly and that the people will be given the opportunity to decide the question at the polls. What that decision will be can hardly be a matter of doubt in view of the offer Sedalia has made and the advantages she possesses over Jefferson City.

### TURF NOTES.

What "Elmer" Has to Say in Sunday's Kansas City Times.

H. C. Collins, Sedalia, has nominated Rattler, 2:22 1/4, at St. Joseph, La Crosse and Freeport.

Dick Ritchie, of Sedalia, who has been in New Orleans all winter, was in the city yesterday.

Jim Ramey has sold to John R. Gentry his interest in all the Ashland Wilkes-Damewood colts except Theodore Shelton.

Dell Barker, of Greenwood, Mo., was in the city Thursday. He and Ben Swaggard, of Sweet Springs, will ship a car load of roadsters to the Pittsburg market this week.

Theodore Shelton (3) is faster now than his illustrious brother, John R. Gentry, was this time last year. In fact, he could beat Gentry to the quarter last year in 29 1/2 seconds.

Dr. E. F. Yancey, Sedalia, Mo., is the owner of Miss Yancey (3), by Campbell's Electioneer, 2:17 3/4-Nettie Clay; Melba C. (1), by John R. Gentry, 2:03 3/4-Nettie Clay, and Belle S. (1), by John R. Gentry-May H., all of which are very promising.

Jim Ramey began life as a trainer twenty years ago over the old farm near Lexington, Mo. He engaged with M. Beamer, of Blackburn, Mo., the then owner of Ashland Wilkes, giving him a 3-year-old record of 2:23, winning ten out of eleven races. With the sale of Ashland Wilkes to H. G. Toler, of Wichita, Jim was put in with the deal, and won seven races, giving him a 4-year-old record of 2:22. He also gave Oriana her record of 2:27 1/4, and in 1890 went to Locust Grove farm, giving records to Lou Gates, 2:29 1/2; Bartholdi, 2:30; Bid-a-We, 2:25; Bertie R., 2:15 1/4, and John R. Gentry, 2:09 1/2, who soon after his sale captured the world's record for stallions.

### The Capital is Coming

And to get ready for the great boom now on us we have determined to close out our implement and carriage business so as to be ready to engage in other business which demands our immediate attention. We mean business and will undersell all others handling first class goods in our line. Come and see us before buying elsewhere.

D. M. WILLIAMS & SON, 109 West Main, opposite Houxs Hardware Store.

### At Cost You Are Interested.

Farmers, we call your attention to our steel and wood frame smoothing harrows, all sizes, and especially our new steel lever harrow, the best ever sold in the west.

### BARLEY BROS. & CO., Opposite Zimmerman & Harter's mill.

U. F. Short having rented his Seada farm, offers on the premises a milk wagon, fine cows, good draft and driving horses, farming utensils, &c., reasonably. Apply at once.

### Well Drilling.

I have two first-class well drills run by steam, and will guarantee all work to be first-class. Apply or address

W. B. MARTIN,

113 Kentucky street, Sedalia, Mo.

### Communion

And other wines and choice old liquors for medicinal use, at Brooks' drug store, Second and Ohio streets.

## IS NO CORRUPTION.

So Says the House Committee in Its Report.

### THE CHARGES UNFOUNDED

So Says the Member from Cole and Then Bothwell Does Some Effective Skinning.

In the house, on Friday evening, the committee on permanent seat of government, to which had been referred the celebrated Buckner resolution calling for an investigation of the means used to pass the Sedalia capital removal resolution, submitted the following report:

Your committee on permanent seat of government, to which was referred resolution No. 120, asking for the appointment of a committee to investigate charges that the passage of joint and concurrent resolution No. 20, relating to removal of state capital, was procured by the employment of dishonest and corrupt means, beg leave to report as follows:

We have kept the resolution in the hands of your committee and have invited parties interested to appear before us, but not a single witness has appeared before your committee, nor has there been a single suggestion of fraud or irregularity presented to the committee. The committee unanimously agreed upon this report several days ago but held it back at the request of the member from Cole county. Nothing has been brought to the notice of your committee to justify any further delay.

We therefore recommend that the resolution be not adopted.

The member from Cole county stated publicly in the house that he had been unable to find any charge of corruption or dishonest practices to investigate; that the matter had been left open for him, but that no charges were forthcoming.

Then Mr. Bothwell proceeded to skin the sensational journals which had without reason or provocation slandered the majority of the members of the house. Bothwell rarely uses the knife in debate, but he removed the hide from the traducers of Sedalia and hung it up in view of the house, and the universal verdict was that he did an artistic job.

### THE SHOE FACTORY.

Mr. Gannon Returns Home—The Committee at Work.

B. Gannon, the St. Louis shoe manufacturer, returned home Saturday, after a conference with some of Sedalia's representative business men, and it is believed that sufficient inducements will be offered the gentleman to induce him to remove his plant here in the near future.

Mr. Gannon's proposition is this: He owns machinery, stock, etc., that are worth \$20,000. He desires to put this against \$20,000 that shall be subscribed by Sedalia and thus form a \$40,000 stock company, the latter \$20,000 to be used in conducting the business. In addition, he asks that Sedalia pay the expense of removing the machinery and stock here and fitting up the plant, which will not cost to exceed \$2,000.

A committee from the board of trade was appointed to canvass the city for subscriptions to stock, and the gentlemen feel confident that the factory will be secured.

The undersigned desire us to publish the following extract from a letter of Chas. M. Gutfeld, of Reedley, Fresno Co., Cal., as they handle the remedy referred to and want their customers to know what a splendid medicine it is:

"It is with pleasure I tell you that by one day's use of Chamberlain's Cough remedy I was relieved of a very severe cold. My head was completely stopped up and I could not sleep at night. I can recommend this remedy." A cold nearly always starts in the head and afterwards extends to the throat and lungs. By using this remedy freely as soon as the cold has been contracted it will cure the cold at once and prevent it from extending to the lungs.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, H. W. Servant, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, O. M. Brooks, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

Chamberlain's Remedies at Fleischmann's, Fourth and Ohio.

### Collections for the Year.

The collections by Collector Doherty for the year ending February 28, last, were \$182,503.75, of which \$18,541.02 was from dramshop and other licenses, and \$22,550.96 from the railway and telegraph companies.

### Forgotten or Deserted Babe.

At Monett, Friday night, after all the trains had pulled out, a baby,

supposed to be about 3 weeks old, was found lying asleep on one of the seats in the waiting-room. Night Watchman W. H. Smith discovered the little one and took it to his home. It was either left there by its mother intentionally or the mother, in a hurry to get her train, had forgotten it.

### HE ASKS \$10,000.

This Is the Figure John R. Gentry Wants for Theo. Shelton.

The DEMOCRAT referred a couple of days ago to the receipt of a telegram by John R. Gentry from a prominent horseman at Oshkosh, Wis., asking what he would take for the well known horse, Theodore Shelton.

Mr. Gentry answered that \$10,000 cash would buy the animal, to be delivered on a car here.

To this the Oshkosh gentleman replied, asking if Mr. Gentry would guarantee the horse to be sound in every particular.

A second message was then sent by Mr. Gentry, in which he invited the gentleman to come to Sedalia with his family and examine the horse for himself, and if he proved to be other than as represented then Mr. Gentry would defray the entire expense of the trip.

To this last message no reply has been received, but it would not surprise Mr. Gentry in the least to receive a wire accepting his offer.

### REV. ALLEN RESIGNS.

And His Resignation Will Almost Certainly Be Accepted.

At a meeting of the vestry of Calvary Episcopal church, last Saturday night, the resignation of Rev. Alexander Allen as rector was presented. No action was taken in the matter at the time, but one of the vestrymen stated to a DEMOCRAT reporter this morning that the resignation would be accepted later if the reverend gentleman could not be induced to withdraw it.

Rev. Allen and his esteemed family have been residents of Sedalia for the past three years, and during that time have made many warm friends who will read with deep regret of their intention of leaving Sedalia.

### Religion for All.

|                                           |        |
|-------------------------------------------|--------|
| 5 gal. best coal oil.....                 | .50    |
| Best standard corn per doz..              | .75    |
| Best California dried peaches per lb..... | .10    |
| Best California apricots per pound.....   | .10    |
| Star tobacco, per lb.....                 | .40    |
| Extra fancy syrup per gal..               | .50    |
| Best family flour per cwt....             | \$1.20 |
| 6 cans tomatoes.....                      | .45    |
| Kettle rendered lard per lb....           | .10    |
| Northern potatoes per bu... .             | .80    |
| Stillwell hams.....                       | .11    |

### J. K. YEATER'S,

Tel. 151. 114 West Main.

### Burglars at Bonville.

Last Saturday afternoon, all the family being absent from home, the residence of Mr. John Combs, a wealthy farmer of Cooper county, was burglarized through a window and three valuable diamond rings and a fine gold watch were stolen. No clew to the robbers. A large reward is offered for the property.

### Found Dead in a Barrel.

There is considerable excitement at Bronaugh, Vernon county, over the finding of a body doubled up in a coal oil barrel. The man is unknown. Police officials are making an investigation and hint at a sensation.

### Country People

Will finds Brooks' drug store at Second and Ohio, the First National bank building, where everything in the drug line can be had at reasonable prices. See us when in the city.

### A Good Sale of Cattle.

A. L. Haggard, one of Pettis county's best farmers, Monday sold to Perry Hawes, of Hughesville, fifty head of coming 3-year-old cattle, the lot aggregating the seller \$1,725.

### Senator Vest Goes to Florida.

Senator Vest left Washington, D. C., for Florida Saturday, where he will remain for some weeks unless business matters in New York call him back.

### STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, and that he has been a resident of Toledo, and has paid the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the seller HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY, USE.

Swear to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.

SEAL A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75¢.</p

## PASSED THE SENATE.

Senator Yeater's Capital Removal Bill.

THE VOTE WAS 28 TO 1.

Beer Inspection Bill Side-Tracked in the Interest of the Queen City of the Prairies.

Special to the DEMOCRAT.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 11.—Senator Yeater today called up his bill providing for the deposit of a guarantee with the governor for the construction of the state buildings free of cost by Sedalia in case the capital removal amendment becomes a law, and the bill passed by a vote of 28 to 1.

An effort was made Saturday to load it down with amendments, but none were adopted except such as were agreed to by Senator Yeater. So that in this contest, as in every other where capital removal has been up, Sedalia was triumphant.

The beer inspection bill was side-tracked in order to consider the removal bill today.

## SEDLIA DESERVES IT.

An Editorial from Monday's Kansas City Journal.

The action of the senate at Jefferson City, Saturday, when it effectually sat upon the schemers who were trying to undermine Sedalia's opportunity, was wise and commendable, says Monday's Kansas City Journal. Sedalia has every qualification which makes it suitable for the permanent seat of government, and the people of Jefferson might as well succumb to the inevitable.

If the people of the capital had had sufficient pride to keep abreast of the state in its growth it would have been impossible to remove the seat of government, but with all evidences of decay that are apparent even to the most casual observer there was no possibility of keeping it when a live and progressive city made a bid for it.

Sedalia made a strong and business fight and secured permission to have its claims passed upon by the people of the state. That is all there is to this resolution. The people must decide and Sedalia had the undoubted right to ask for such decision. Jefferson City, by her backwardness, has made a vote against herself whenever a citizen of Missouri set foot within her corporate limits. Sedalia, on the other hand, has made a friend of every man who has noted the thrift and enterprise of that city.

Those who are acquainted with the people of Sedalia and know of the patriotic spirit which animates them have no question as to the result of the contest. Sedilians are in earnest and mean to fulfill every obligation assumed in the petition for a joint and concurrent resolution.

## MISSOURI TEACHERS.

A Course of Instruction at the University Gratis.

The State university, through Prof. J. B. Blanton, announces the instruction that will be given to Missouri teachers from April 1 to June 1.

The course is known as the "teacher's course," and will be given to Missouri teachers free of all charges for tuition. This is the fourth year that it has been given. In 1891, on account of the main building having been destroyed by fire, the attendance of teachers was only twenty-one, but since then the attendance has steadily grown, and this year, as the classes will be held in the new buildings, at least 200 teachers are expected to attend. Accommodations will be provided for 300.

The university is put to considerable expense to offer such a course free, but it expects to achieve results in the way of extending its usefulness and patronage that will be worth many times the expense. There will be no charges for tuition, nor will there be any incidental fees of any kind. All libraries, laboratories, museums and observatories will be open to teachers free.

As it will not be necessary to purchase new books—any standard text books can be used—the only expense will be traveling expenses

and board, which can be had from \$1.75 for board in clubs up to \$4 for board in private families. The course this year contains several new features, one of the most important being the series of evening lectures on pedagogical subjects, which will be given by eminent educators. The first will be given by Dr. J. M. Rice, of New York, on "How to Acquire the Art of Teaching," Wednesday, April 3. On Wednesday, April 17, Supt. J. M. White, of Carthage, Mo., will lecture on "Organic Instruction." Wednesday, May 1, John R. Kirk, superintendent of public schools, will lecture on "Learning to Do by Doing." Other lectures will be given by well known educators.

## RATHER ROMANTIC.

After Many Years the Husband Returns to Missouri.

At the opening of the civil war, George Davenport, ofnear Wilton, Boone county, shouldered his musket for the preservation of the union, and for four years battled bravely. He left a wife and family at home, and when he came back to his loved ones his wife had married another man, James Smallwood, supposing her first husband was dead. Finding her living happy under the protection of Mr. Smallwood, says the Ashland Bugle, he again set sail for the world, and for a quarter of a century was lost to his family and friends.

Mr. Smallwood died a few years ago, leaving a wife and two families of children. Mr. and Mrs. Smallwood raised three children, two of whom are now married.

It was about a year ago a son received a letter from Davenport stating that he intended coming home this spring. He has been in the Soldiers' home at Leavenworth, Kas.

Last Saturday morning he arrived and was met at the depot by his son and taken to the home of his widowed wife.

Just what the outcome of the affair will be is not yet known, but it is watched with interest by the whole neighborhood. People are asking themselves the question: Is she his lawful wife? Is he her lawful husband?

## SUNNYSIDE DEBATE.

An Interesting Meeting Held Last Friday Night.

Sunnyside Literary and Debating society held its weekly meeting Friday evening. A number of excellent recitations and declamations were rendered, followed by a spirited discussion of the question, "That Capital Punishment Should Be Abolished." The decision of the judges was in favor of the negative.

The society paper was then read. A challenge from Oak Grove society to discuss the question that the Banishment of Napoleon Bonaparte to St. Helena Was Just, was accepted, and Friday, March 22, named as the time, and Sunnyside the place.

The question for debate at next meeting is, "That the Bar Affords a Greater Field for Eloquence Than the Pulpit."

## THE PETRIFIED MAN.

Mrs. Sarah E. Stillions, Plaintiff, Loses Her Case.

The jury decided for the defendant in the Neosho petrified man case at Springfield Friday.

Mrs. Sarah E. Stillions, of Jasper county, the plaintiff, tried to prove that the petrified man was her father, Adam Cluck, who was a union soldier and killed at Neosho in 1862. The resemblance, according to gray-haired witnesses who knew Cluck, is remarkable.

It is likely that the petrified man is the remains of one West, from Kentucky, who died in Neosho in 1842, and was buried near where the petrified body was found.

## Sure of the Vote.

Rev. A. E. Rogers, pastor of the Baptist church in Nevada, was in the city Monday enroute to Tipton, being the guest of Rev. J. B. Fuller pastor of the First Baptist church, while here.

Rev. Rogers, in speaking of the prospects of Sedalia becoming the capital of the state, said there was no doubt about the Queen City obtaining a majority of the votes cast on the amendment to the constitution, if this city will only put up the money to erect the buildings. "So far as I can learn," he said, "there are only three persons in Nevada who will vote for Jefferson City, and I have been informed that the people of Springfield are almost, if not quite, unanimous in favor of Sedalia."

## EX-STUDENT'S SUIT.

It Is Against the Missouri State University.

There is a suit pending in the Kansas City court of appeals in which F. W. Neidermeyer, of Columbia, is the plaintiff and the Missouri State university is the defendant.

Mr. Neidermeyer was formerly from St. Louis, and was a law student in the State university. He entered in October, 1892, when the advertised tuition fee was \$50 for the first year and \$40 for the second year.

In September, 1893, when he returned after the summer vacation to enter the law school for his second year, he found the curators had raised the tuition fee to \$50 for the second year. Neidermeyer paid the additional \$10 under protest, as did other students, and he brought suit before a justice and obtained a verdict for \$10. The curators appealed the case and the Boone county court reversed the judgment of the justice. Then Neidermeyer took the case to the Kansas City court of appeals.

## FOUGHT ON A BOAT.

Scrap Between Prominent Citizens at Boonville.

An altercation took place upon the ferryboat at Boonville last Saturday afternoon between B. E. Nance, president of the Bank of New Franklin, and P. P. Burton, a prominent farmer of Howard county, on one side, and Robert M. Robertson, another well known Howard county farmer, on the other.

During the affray Robertson was severely beaten upon the head with the handle of a whip and shot in the head. His wounds are painful, but not serious.

The affair grew out of an article which appeared in a newspaper a short while ago accusing Burton of making an improper proposal to Mrs. Robertson. Robertson filed a complaint against Burton, the charge being felonious assault, and they were each placed under \$500 bond to appear for trial March 15.

## The Lone Star Shoe Shop.

Bring in your repairing now. I will do the best work in Sedalia for the least money.

Gents' fine oak tan half soles 50c; sewed, 90c.

Ladies' fine sewed soles, 50c; tacked soles, 45c.

Children's half soles, 25c and 35c.

N. B.—No use to pay others 75c and \$1.00 for what the Lone Star will do for 50c. I warrant every job to give satisfaction.

Lamine Street, one door south of Postoffice.

## Went to Jail Monday.

Wm. Whitworth, a young farmer of the Houstonian neighborhood, who was sentenced by Judge Ryland to six months' imprisonment for the seduction of Miss Louella Ham, daughter of a neighbor farmer, entered upon the serving of his sentence Monday, the supreme court having refused him a new trial.

## Bargains in Real Estate.

I offer for sale two good residences on West Tenth street, and two on West Fifth street; also fine building lots just West of Grand avenue on Sixth street. Terms reasonable; will accept monthly payments. ALBERT S. HAMMER, Eigentritz Bldg. Att'y-at-Law.

## Low Rates to Texas.

On April 2 the M. K. & T. railway will sell tickets to all points in Texas at greatly reduced rates. For particulars call on or address,

A. C. MINER, T. P. A. 211 Ohio Street, Sedalia, Mo.

## Dr. M. Ingraham,

Hoffman block, corner Fifth and Ohio. Diseases of Women and Children a specialty. Third floor. Take elevator.

## Scarlet Fever at Nevada.

The Benton school at Nevada was closed Monday because of the prevalence of scarlet fever. There have been two deaths from the disease.

## Laura T. is Back.

Dan Treadway's famous little pacing mare, "Laura T." arrived in Clinton Saturday and is now installed in Lane's stable, says the Clinton Democrat. She has been away about two years. While loading her on the car for shipment at Wichita, Kansas, she slipped off the board, falling down between the car and the chute, crippling her severely, but she will soon be all right again. Laura T. has a pacing record of

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**  
MOSST PERFECT MADE.  
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.  
20 YEARS THE STANDARD.

2:09 1/4, being one of four mares with a pacing record of 2:10 or better.

Another speedy little mare now at Mr. Lane's stable is "Minnie Higgins," 2:16, owned by Lamonte, Mo., parties.

## BE HERE SATURDAY.

The Members of the General Assembly to Be Our Guests.

Information was received here Tuesday that Sedalia's invitation to the members of the legislature, state officers, house and senate clerks and newspaper correspondents to visit the future capital city has been accepted and they will arrive Saturday afternoon and remain until midnight, thus being the city's guests some nine hours.

The board of trade has the matter in charge, and that the visitors will be royally entertained and convinced that they made no mistake in submitting the capital removal resolution is assured.

## How to Cure Rheumatism.

ARAGO, COOS Co., Oregon, Nov. 10, 1893.—I wish to inform you of the great good Chamberlain's Pain Balm has done my wife. She has been troubled with rheumatism of the arms and hands for six months, and has tried many remedies prescribed for that complaint, but found no relief until she used this Pain Balm, one bottle of which has completely cured her. I take pleasure in recommending it for that trouble. Yours truly,

C. A. BULLARD.

50 cent and \$1 bottles.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, H. W. Servant, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, O. M. Brooks, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

Chamberlain's Remedies at Fleischmann's, Fourth and Ohio.

## Transfers of Realty.

Benj. O'Bannon and wife to Jacob Arnett, ten acres in section 36, township 46, range 23, \$115.

J. B. Wooldridge to John H. Pahde, 97 acres in Pettis county, \$4,000.

John N. Dalby and wife to Ardell Herold, lot 14, block 4, Dal-Whi-Mo addition, \$500.

John N. Dalby and wife to Belle H. Griffith, lot 15, block 4, Dal-Whi-Mo addition, \$500.

Porter Real Estate Co. to Chas. E. Garrett, lot 7, block 1, Watts' addition, \$150.

Chas. B. Trader to Anna Lang, piece of land in section 3, township 44, range 21, \$300.

Mesdames Smith and Cotton to Mrs. Rosa Weyand, lots 13 and 14, block 7, original plat, \$400.

## Only Jeff City's Roar.

A fakir with a phonograph containing what purports to be the "Roar of Niagara" is fooling Western Missouri. The noise is only what "Jeff" City thinks of Sedalia.

## Kansas City Star.

A Distillery Burned.

United States Deputy Revenue Collector N. C. Hickox left at noon today for Aurora Springs, Miller county, where the distillery of Saling & Vernon was burned last Saturday night.

## A WIREHOLE.

of the physical constitution often comes from unnatural, pernicious habits, contracted through ignorance or from excesses. Such habits result in loss of many power, nervous exhaustion, nervous debility, impaired memory, low spirits, irritable temper, and a thousand and one derangements of mind and body. Epilepsy, paralysis, softening of the brain and even dredged insanity sometimes result from such reckless self-abuse.

To reach, reclaim and restore such unfortunate health and happiness, is the aim of the publishers of this book written in plain and simple language on the nature, symptoms and curability, by home treatment, of such diseases. This book will be sent sealed in plain envelope, on receipt of ten cents in stamps to pay postage.

Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

## FALL OF A SNOW BRIDGE.

An Engineer's Adventure in a Canyon of the Rockies.

Immense Mass of Frozen Snow That Chance Hit Brought Down—The Marksman Went Down with It in the Snow.

"It was when I last visited the Rocky mountains in the summer of 1882 that I got the most remarkable tumble of my life," said Maj. E. M. Hamilton, the engineer. "I had been making surveys and estimates for the development of a group of mines in the San Juan country in Colorado, and was ready to go back to Denver when Felix Burbridge, who had some claims way up above timber line, persuaded me to go up among the peaks with him to take a look at them.

"His claims were on the north slope of the San Juan mountains. We got on our ponies and left camp at sunrise, working up the canyon along the bridle path that prospectors and Mexican packers had made. Although it was mid-August, the air up where we were cool, and the rifts in the mountain sides above us facing northerly were marked in white by snow.

"As we approached the timber line our path got rougher and rougher until, about seven miles from camp, we could get no further on our horses. It would not do to leave the animals fastened where a grizzly or cinnamon bear might prowl at any time, so we tied the bridle reins around the saddle horns, started the animals down the trail, and left them to find their way back to camp, while we continued afoot up the cliffs.

"It was a long climb, but we got to Burbridge's claims at last. After we had examined them all we wanted, instead of returning by the roundabout way we had come, we decided to cut off several miles of distance by going across the ridges. In so doing we came, in the course of an hour, to the brink of a deep precipitous canyon in the bottom of which, far down, we could see the green glints of a rippling mountain stream.

"That's all right," said Burbridge, seeing that I hesitated at the chasm's edge. "I've been down there before. We'll find a footpath one side or the other along the stream, and, besides that, I want to show you a snow bridge, one of the biggest in Colorado."

"Burbridge picked out a place from which to begin our descent, and down we went, bumping, slipping, sliding, sometimes swinging from a vine or evergreen rooted among the rocks, and so at last we struck the bottom with some scratches and bruises on our bodies and not a little drift and gravel in our pockets, but otherwise all right.

"In some parts of the canyon

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## WHAT IT MEANS.

The removal of the capital of Missouri to Sedalia means new, modern, commodious state buildings free of cost to the taxpayers of the state, and located in a beautiful, progressive, accessible city.

To keep the capital at Jefferson City means the expenditure of millions of the people's money in repairs or in erecting new buildings in that out-of-the-way place.

THERE is no smallpox in Jefferson City. Indeed there is nothing there but anger and dismay.

THERE is a big outside demand for Sedalia papers just now, which indicates a gratifying interest in Sedalia.

THE republicans swept the country last November but there is an ominous silence as to any intention on their part to revive the McKinley bill.

THE next step in the capital removal contest will be the deposit of Sedalia's guarantee with the governor, and this step will be taken in due time.

SEDLIA is assured of the friendship of many influential business men of St. Louis, in spite of the unfriendly tone of several of the St. Louis papers.

PATRIOTIC members of the general assembly will cheerfully work for one dollar per day for a few days, but it ought not to be required of them.

SEDLIANS can win a glorious victory and lay the foundations for permanent prosperity if they only stand together and work as one man for the material advancement of the city.

COL. CRISP has pushed through a handsome appropriation for the fish commission and deserves the congratulation of all who wish to see our streams stocked with the finny beauties.

A NUMBER of the big hearted citizens of Marshall have pledged themselves to each pay five dollars per year to support the Confederate Home. That is right. How many many men in Pettis county will join?

SEDLIA, Marshall, Springfield and all the rich country between these cities feel a deep interest in the building of that north and south railroad, and they will see to it that it is one of the first roads built in the west.

CHARLES FREDERICK WORTH, the famous "man dress-maker," and for years the acknowledged arbiter of fashions, is dead. Though known to the world as the head of a great business in Paris, France, Worth was an Englishman.

EVEN the stranger within our gates will be impressed with the confidence being manifested by the business men who know Sedalia best. The Queen City is in for an era of prosperity, thanks to fortune and her enterprising citizens.

THE Italian government, through Marquis Imperiali, has filed with the state department at Washington a protest against the lynching of the murderers of Sheriff Hixon at Walsenburg, Colorado. Demands for indemnity and reparation will follow.

THE members of the general assembly are afraid that smallpox has gained a foothold in the present

capital. We don't believe it. It is a mean, cowardly disease that would tackle Jefferson City just now. If the ancient village is suffering from anything else than chagrin, it is the buck ague.

## SHOWING HER CLAWS.

Now that capital removal is a fixed fact and the question placed before the people, Jefferson City begins to show her claws, as will be seen by the following paragraph copied from a late issue of the Tribune:

"The more the people think about the efforts of Sedalia to embezzle the state capital the more the same are condemned. There will be quite a vote even in Pettis county against the resolution."

When it is remembered that Sedalia's "efforts" are favorably considered by twenty-six out of thirty-four senators and ninety-one out of one hundred and forty members of the house, it will be seen that the Tribune's remarks really amount to the charge that this large majority of the people's representatives have aided and abetted the crime of embezzlement.

No doubt the Tribune will undertake to make the charge stick and that it will hold that all who favor capital removal are thieves.

Such expressions as that which we have quoted from the Tribune will go far to convince the people that removal has been too long delayed.

When an organ which has lived for years by drawing its sustenance from the public crib becomes so arrogant as to assert ownership over public property, it is time for an indignant people to teach it a lesson.

Jefferson City has assumed this ownership of the state capital so long that she is ready to resist the right even of the people to claim their own. She has felt no obligation to treat fairly and decently those whom public business has called to the capital. She has gouged and pinched the public until she has become a reproach to the state, and now her leading newspaper refers to an act which has the endorsement of an overwhelming majority both of the house and senate as "embezzlement."

Should this malicious abuse of the representatives of the various counties and senatorial districts be permitted to pass without rebuke, the narrow, bigoted, self-sufficient spirit that is manifested will next seek to deny the people the right to elect their state officers and make that selection the work of the little coterie which imagines that it has a monopoly of the brains of the state.

But a stinging rebuke is in store for them.

## WORK NEEDED.

There never was a time in the history of Sedalia when there was a better opportunity for effective work in the interest of the city.

Thanks to the successful efforts of her intelligent, progressive citizens and her newspapers, the Queen City has been advertised as has no other city in Missouri.

The eyes of the public are upon Sedalia; thousands who are not even known by name to a single Sedalian have their attention directed to Sedalia and will locate among us if they are offered what they want.

For the next twelve months every business man can well afford to invest a considerable share of his profits in booming the town in which his business is located and upon which he depends for his trade. Every dollar invested now in advertising the Queen City and every individual firm in the city will bring big returns.

Property owners, too, must do their whole duty at this time.

The owner of any piece of property that is for sale stands in his own light if he does not let the public know what he has to offer, the price for which he will sell and the attractive features of such property.

If all will do this, and invest a small per cent. of the profit in a fund to boom the Queen City, we will enjoy an era of growth and prosperity such as the most sanguine has hardly dare hope for.

The opportunity is ours, and if we will all grasp it and each do his whole duty as a citizen and business man prosperity is in store for all.

But there must be no drones; no selfish desire to speculate upon the enterprise and labor of others, but

each must strive to act the part of a liberal, progressive citizen.

The local newspapers should be filled with substantial offers to investors and arguments for trade, and then extra copies of these papers should be scattered far and wide.

## THE ROAD IS NEEDED.

Col. Crandall is to be commended for his enterprise in promptly taking steps to revive the north and south railroad project.

The road is needed.

The country through which it will pass is rich in agricultural resources, in timber, in mineral and in coal.

There are live, progressive cities along the line, with enterprise enough to develop these resources and convert them into merchantable products.

The road would pay a dividend on its cost the first year after it is constructed.

On with the movement!

Col. Crandall should receive every possible aid and encouragement in this matter, and if he does the road will be built in a year.

What say Springfield, Marshall, Miami and the communities along the line?

COL. VAN HORN in the Kansas City Journal gives this encouraging view of the silver situation in this country: "I got the Journal this morning with my letter in it referring to the platform of the Michigan democratic state convention for silver. That letter is dated March 1. This is the 7th, and I have to record the action of the republican state convention of Michigan, which declares "that silver should be restored to its time-honored position in the nation's finances." So the pine barons, the copper, iron and salt millionaires of the peninsular state, of all parties, are forced to come to the demands of the people. Who is the prophet now—the Journal or the panic stricken followers of college professors? The day of gold humbuggery is over and the people's money is coming back to stay. Even the fight of "Dave" Francis and his gold organs against Stone on a side issue can't stop it in Missouri. Any man with political ambition in Missouri who equivocates on this paramount question will go under—for the people are now in the saddle."

THE capitalist who is seeking for investment will find no more inviting field than Sedalia. If real estate is desired, either lots, acre property or farm lands can be secured at prices that will certainly return a handsome profit. If business investments are sought Sedalia certainly offers them. The manufacturer, too, will find most favorable conditions here. With two trunk lines of railroad leading to the two principal cities of the state, with two branch roads beside and others certain to be built, no city furnishes superior shipping facilities, while the location of the city in the center of a large and wealthy agricultural section insures the manufacturer a market for his products.

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ers' money shall be expended for new buildings in Jefferson City? Let's have the issue plain.

AMONG the new laws enacted by the general assembly none is of more importance to the people than that providing for the inspection of state banks. If the right men are named for these positions—men who are familiar with the intricacies of banking and of sufficient integrity and courage to promptly and fearlessly report and expose every character of wrong, fraud or recklessness—much will be accomplished for the protection of stockholders and depositors, and confidence in the institutions examined will be increased.

DR. PARKHURST has been engaged to come to St. Louis and assist Sam Jones in a war against violations of the Sunday laws. All persons who expose to sale any goods or liquors on Sunday will be prosecuted, and an effort will be made to close all the shops, stores and saloons and force the general public to observe Sunday. It is not stated whether or not the publication of Sunday papers is to be suppressed or their sale prevented.

THE most serious danger Sedalia has to encounter during the next eighteen months is divisions among her own people. If we guard against this, and all work unitedly, the future is assured. To prevent these divisions, selfishness, prejudices and personal ambitions must all be laid aside and a broad and intelligent charity for the opinions of others must characterize us all.

THERE is a general disposition among democrats to re-nominate Mr. Barnett for the office of school director. It is important to have an able attorney on the board, and this is especially necessary when a new school building is to be erected, contracts to be awarded and money to be expended.

IF Spain proposes to attack the United States every time there is an outbreak in Cuba and subject American steamers to the danger and humiliation of being fired upon by gunboats on the high seas, it might be just as well for this country to take charge of Cuba entirely and relieve Spain of all responsibility. The island ought to belong to this country anyhow.

THE disgruntled politicians at Kansas City find it a hard job to bulldoze Governor Stone; and, though the Times and Star have both been severe in their criticisms, the governor is evidently determined to follow the course he had mapped out as most likely to bring good order, peace and quiet to the city.

THE house has agreed to the Senate amendments to the state bank inspection bill and it is probable that this measure, as well as that which provides for the inspection of building and loan associations, will become a law. The secretary of state will have charge of bank inspection and the state treasurer of building and loan inspection.

THE war for the enforcement of Sunday laws is on in St. Louis and warrants have been issued for the arrest of saloon keepers, grocers, haberdashers and clothing merchants. The Sabbath association proposes to treat all violators alike and to give St. Louis a genuine old-fashioned New England Sunday if possible.

THERE never was a time in the history of Sedalia when it was more incumbent upon her people to stand together than right now. "One for all and all for one" should be the motto, and there should be no jealousy or bickerings; no narrow selfishness, but a genuine liberality in all things.

A SPANISH gunboat fired several solid shot at an American steamer on the high seas the other day and the state department has been notified of the outrage. Some of these days the United States will have to spank some of those insolent little powers for insulting our flag.

THE Post-Dispatch insists that in case of capital removal the new capitol building to be erected by Sedalia should be "the equal of the capitals of Indiana, Illinois, Texas and other states that rank with Missouri in the union." The P.-D. can rest assured that the new capitol will be worthy of the

## WILL RECEIVE THEM

A Reception Committee of Fifty Appointed.

## BRING OUT YOUR SURREY.

After a Drive Over the City the Visitors Will Be Banqueted at the Park.

The committee appointed by the Board of Trade to designate a committee to receive the state officers and members of the legislature on the arrival of the special train from Jefferson City at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon have selected the following.

Every member of the committee having a surrey or buggy is requested to have it at the depot, prepared to take the visitors driving over the city. The reception committee follows:

J. H. Bothwell,  
J. W. Stevens,  
W. H. Powell,  
S. H. Beller,  
W. H. Courtney,  
E. G. Cassidy,  
J. N. Dalby,  
L. D. Hopkins,  
W. B. Jones,  
A. P. Morey,  
J. C. McLaughlin,  
J. B. Quigley,  
J. C. Vantipper,  
Robt. H. Gray,  
W. N. Graham,  
A. J. Hartman,  
W. W. Shultz,  
H. W. Menschke,  
C. E. Messerly,  
G. L. Faulhafer,  
F. E. Hoffman,  
P. H. Sangree,  
E. S. Snell,  
Henry Laupheimer,  
Dr. Ira T. Bronson,  
Dr. P. D. Hastain,  
O. A. Crandall,

Jas. Glass,  
John J. Yeater,  
R. A. Blair,  
Wm. Beck,  
D. I. Holcomb,  
G. N. Bouteil,  
D. Steele,  
Geo. L. Lomax,  
Gus. Schindler,  
John R. Gentry,  
Chas. L. Taylor,  
Geo. Healey,  
Lon Van Wagner,  
Frank Eastey,  
Chas. S. Dexter,  
J. B. Peeler,  
Peter Pehl,  
Geo. C. Deckman,  
R. M. Olmsted,  
Chas. Hoffman,  
Ottis W. Smith,  
Ira Hinckley,  
S. K. Nichols,  
Henry Laupheimer,  
Dr. Ira T. Bronson,  
Dr. P. D. Hastain,  
O. A. Crandall,

Another citizens' meeting to arrange for the entertainment of the visitors will be held at the court house tonight, and every citizen is urged to be present.

A telegram was received Thursday by Capt. Stevens from Senator Yeater, in which he stated that the special train would carry 450 visitors to Sedalia, and Messrs. Sicher & Conrad will lay covers for 500 guests.

The Sedalia Military band will furnish music both afternoon and night, and that it will be the best to be had in the state goes without saying.

Mayor Webster Davis, of Kansas City, has been invited to be present at the banquet and it is believed that the invitation will be accepted.

## HAS ANOTHER CALL.

Rev. Alexander Allen is Wanted at Springfield, Ill.

Rev. Alexander Allen, whose resignation as rector of Calvary church was recently unanimously declined by the vestry, has received a most flattering call from Springfield, Ill., to become the pastor of one of the largest churches in the capital city, at a very clever increase over the salary he receives here.

The reverend gentleman's legion of friends—and they are not confined to his own denomination—hope to induce him to withdraw his resignation and remain in Sedalia, and the DEMOCRAT trusts that they will succeed.

## TO BE BUILT.

Steps Taken to Revive the North and South Railway.

President O. A. Crandall, of the Springfield, Sedalia, Marshall and Northern railway, informed the DEMOCRAT Tuesday that steps were taken by him yesterday to revive the company, and he believes that the necessary capital can be secured to construct the road from Springfield to Sedalia, Marshall and Miami.

This will certainly be good news to the people along the line of the proposed route, and it will enable them to come to Sedalia by rail next November a year and assist in the capital removal celebration.

## Judge Bailey's Purchase.

Z. F. Bailey bought for himself Tuesday, of Sangree & Lamm, a 7 acre tract of land, just south of Twenty-second street and three blocks east of Grand avenue, the consideration being \$3,000. Judge Bailey will hold the property as an investment.

## Competent Girl

Wanted at 803 East Broadway.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

## DOROTHY PRESTON'S PRIDE

Pride is an unpardonable thing in some people, and then there are others whom it fits with the appropriateness of a natural garment.

Among the latter class the Preston family might have been justly placed, and, as an exponent of uncompromising, stately pride, one might have cited the only daughter, Dorothy. And why should she not have been proud? She was young and beautiful and wealthy, and knew that there coursed through her veins some of the bluest blood of the Old Dominion.

The men, self-complacent and conceited as they are ever reported to be, said that they felt like manikins in her presence. And the women—well, she was too good and pure for them to hate, and too proud and distant for them to love; for, say what you will, we may reverence, but we can never really love a being who is greatly above us. It is selfish, but it is human. So the women contented themselves with liking her a little, envying her a great deal and copying her very much.

But the men loved her, proposed to her, were rejected, and grew desperate. There was never a social function but she had her coterie of admirers about her, each anxious for a word or a smile; and always in that number might be found the handsome and strong, but hopeless, face of Ned Culbertson. A man of brilliant intellectual attainments, society was kind to him on account of his talents. His character, his manners, his social position were above reproach. But when that's said all's said. For, as the world looks at it, Ned Culbertson was a poor man. Of course he had a profession and there was an income from that. But in the circles in which he moved the yearly earnings of even so excellent an architect as himself were hard, a very weighty matrimonial consideration.

But the heart knows no distinctions of wealth or condition; and it soon became an open secret, a secret shared by all the immediate circle who knew the two, that Ned Culbertson had presumed to fall in love with Dorothy Preston. It caused no extraordinary comment, however, for society recognized the right which every man has to be a fool if he chooses, and then there were so many others in exactly the same position.

But, despite his fine qualities, Culbertson was a very modest fellow, and no word of his love for Dorothy had ever passed his lips. He was no coxcomb, and though he was conscious of his ability to hold his own among men he saw in himself no quality to attract women. So when the proud Miss Preston treated him with even less consideration than she bestowed on her other admirers he accepted it all as only what was due him and went his way in silence.

Meanwhile, Dorothy Preston chafed and groaned in spirit under the sting of wounded pride. She refused to see what was patent to every one else—that Ned Culbertson loved her—and only knew that she had, after a struggle, given her heart to a man who had never spoken an affectionate word to her.

It was after a ball one night that her position first came so strongly home to her mind. She had long tried to deny to herself this passion of her heart, but now it rose in a strong, full-blown love, and clamored to be heard. She clasped her hands and, with flushed face, admitted to herself that she loved Ned Culbertson.

"Shame, shame upon me!" she cried. "I love him, and he has never given me a word—and they call me proud, too!" Her lip curled, and she half-laughed.

"Well, I will be proud. I will be too proud to let it be known that I have given my heart unsought to a man who—"

She did not finish the sentence, but the blood flamed up into her cheeks and over her forehead, the tears came into her eyes and she clinched her hands sharply together.

From that time on, if Ned Culbertson had any faint gleams of hope they must have been entirely extinguished, for Dorothy Preston's manners toward him were a revelation of frigid disdain. Did she touch his hand in the dance, it was shrinkingly, as if she abhorred the slight contact. Did she speak to him, it was with such distant hauteur that his blood froze. And so it continued until he was in despair.

Alone in his office one evening during a busy week, he was trying to finish some complicated designs for the interior of a church which was soon to be erected. Could one have peeped at him as he sat with bent head over his work, drawing hard at a cigar, one would have said that he was all absorbed in the labor before him. But any such thought would have been efficiently routed when he suddenly sprang to his feet and, dashing his pencil into a corner, exclaimed: "I can't do it, confound it! I can't! With that girl's face before my eyes constantly I am get-

ting as incapable of thought or performance as an imbecile. And what does it all amount to? She looks at me as if she would like to walk over me, and when she speaks it's like pouring ice water over my head. I can't do anything this way. Rather than endure this suspense I would tell her and have her freeze me with a glance or show me the door. Maybe this would put me on my feet anyhow and infuse a little spirit into me, if it were only the spirit of resentment."

In his lucid moments Mr. Edward Culbertson was a quick-thinking and prompt-acting man, and in ten minutes he had determined on a plan of action. A note left on the desk of his first assistant told that gentleman that his superior was suddenly called away and might not be back for a month and left the work of the office in his hands.

He would see Miss Preston, tell her story and then go away for a month to forget.

When the plan was once settled upon it was but short work to hasten home, pack a satchel and then dress for the proposed call.

When he entered the Preston drawing-room he thought that Dorothy had never looked so lovely to him before in all his life.

He could hardly follow the complacencies that introduced the conversation for looking at her. And then, more like the rude swain than the polished beau, almost before the greetings were over, he plunged "in medias res."

The girl listened to him, speechless with surprise, as he poured out his story of love. She could not check him nor did he give her time to say a word.

"Miss Dorothy," he concluded, after telling his story, "I cannot sufficiently thank you for listening to me. I was a madman to think that you would, but I felt that I must tell you how I loved you. I do not ask you for your answer, for I am sure what it will be. I suppose I'm a fool, but"—and there was a tremor in his voice—"but I can't help it, you know. And now good-bye. I—I've got to catch that 10:05 for—ah—I'm going away for a little while for change of scene and forgetfulness, as the novelist puts it."

He smiled mirthlessly as mechanically she gave him her hand, and before she had recovered from the shock he had gone. To a woman a sofa pillow is a very sympathetic article, and a certain flowered silk one in Miss Dorothy Preston's room that night received her tears, laughter and incoherent words of joy. Then the same sofa pillow was dashed back into its place in a rather unfriendly manner, hardly consistent with the confidence it had just received, as the proud Miss Preston rose to her feet, exclaiming:

"He said the 10:05; I have time yet!"

It was just 10:03 when a woman approached Ned Culbertson at the Grand Central station, where he was pacing back and forth impatiently awaiting his train. She touched his shoulder.

"Dorothy!" he cried.

"Ned, don't go, I—I want you," and then her voice broke. He led her quickly away, for people were beginning to observe them. And once without the station he kissed her and then put off her clinging hands to tear up his ticket—extravagant fellow!

He went home with Dorothy in blissful dreams. Then he sought his office, took the note off the desk of his first assistant and tore that up, too.—Chicago News.

## The Joke Reversed.

Near the flourishing mountain town of Blue Ridge two thrifty citizens established a contraband still for the sole purposes of making a little of the ardent for "personal purposes."

They got everything ready—in tip-top working order, and were soon ready for the "doubling" to come off.

The night was set for that purpose, but three evil-disposed citizens had "caught on" and determined as soon as the real proprietors fired up and commenced operations they would go in, run them off and capture the plant.

The proprietors came, fired up, and everything was working smoothly, when the three evil-disposed citizens made a break and captured the still, running the proprietors out of the neighborhood.

They sat laughing and reveling at the huge joke they had perpetrated when all of a sudden they found themselves looking down the barrels of six shining Winchesters in the hands of many determined revenue men.

The evil citizens were promptly "cuffed" and hustled off to Atlanta to answer to the charge of illicit distilling, while the real owners watched from an adjacent hill the whole transaction, making the vales ring with their merriment. The joke had turned.—Atlanta Constitution.

## Preparing for Festivities.

Some people's idea of getting ready for company is to make a marble cake and open a can of peaches.—Atchison Globe.

## MIRAGES AT SEA.

A Mauritus Pilot Who Sighted a Vessel 200 Miles Away.

**Many Other Remarkable Instances Cited—Most Common in the Polar Seas—Places on Land Where Mirages Are Often Seen—Cause of the Phenomenon.**

It is in tropical seas that the most remarkable instances of mirage have occurred. A good many years ago a pilot in Mauritius reported that he had seen a vessel which turned out to be two hundred miles off. The incident caused a good deal of discussion in nautical circles, and, strange to say, a seemingly well-authenticated case of the same kind occurred afterwards at Aden. A pilot there announced that he had seen from the heights the Bombay steamer then nearly due.

He stated precisely the direction in which he saw her, and added that her head was not then turned towards the port. This caused some alarm, and a steamer lying in the harbor was sent out to tow in the vessel thought to be disabled. It cruised about in the direction indicated for a whole day without success; but two days afterwards the missing steamer entered the port; and it was found, on inquiries, that at the time mentioned by the pilot she was exactly in the direction and position indicated by him, but about two hundred miles off. To prove that there is no hallucination in statements like these, evidence would be required as conclusive as that needed to establish the reality of the great sea serpent.

Sometimes, however, objects are not only elevated, but inverted. This appearance is very common in polar seas, the inversion being due to the rays from the lower part of the distant object being more bent than those from the upper part. Sailors see it best from a lofty position, such as the masthead. A well-known case occurred off the coast of Greenland in 1822, when Capt. Scoresby was made aware of the nearness of his father's ship by recognizing its inverted image in the sky. And in 1854 the whole English fleet of nineteen sail was seen as if suspended in the air upside down by those on board H. M. S. Archer, cruising fifty miles away off Oesel, in the Baltic.

It is not unusual to see two or three different horizons with images of a distant vessel alternately inverted and upright.

Cold, heavy air over water is just as it were in the opposite condition from warm, light air over a sandy desert; hence, in the latter case, the rays are bent in the opposite direction, and seem to come from an object below the real one. So that in the mirage of the desert the observer sees the distant object directly through the uniform part of the air between himself and it, and he likewise sees an inverted image below as if caused by reflection in a sheet of water. Indeed, travelers across the desert have often been cheated by the appearance. A deputy surveyor general of South Australia once reported the existence of a large inland lake there. He did not take the precaution to go up to it; and when the lake was afterwards sought for it was found that he had been deceived by the mirage.

The mirage can be seen nearly every day in the plains of lower Egypt, and also to a limited extent in the plains of Hungary and southern France. Now and then something of the kind can be seen in summer by stooping down and looking along our sandy coasts, such as Morecambe bay and the coast of Devonshire or over the Fen district, at that season dried up by the summer heat.

We must remember that the mirage of the desert creates nothing, but merely inverts bodies that actually exist a little distance off; though in the Sahara, skylight rays descending are bent upward by the hot air next the sand, and the eye is actually deluded by an impression resembling the reflection of skylight from water, the illusion being increased by the flickering due to convection currents, suggesting the effects of a breeze on the water.

Many of the descriptions given of the mirage are "travelers' tales" in the uncomplimentary sense. One of the most absurdly-extravagant examples is this: "This treacherous phenomenon deludes the traveler's eye with a regular succession of beautiful lakes and shady avenues; and then, again, with an expanse of waving grass around a picturesque villa; here is presented a grove of towering trees; there, a flock of browsing cattle."—Chambers' Journal.

## For a State Park.

Pennsylvania has acquired two hundred and seventeen acres of land at Valley Forge for a state park, and will need about two hundred and fifty more for the purpose.

## Counterfeit Proof.

The opal is the only jem which cannot be counterfeited. Its delicate tints cannot be reproduced.

## JAPS AS BROKERS.

**A Glimpse at the National Banking System of Japan.**

Although Japan is a constitutional monarch, the monarch's title is equivalent to the word emperor, banking goes on there with all the system, success and satisfaction that all public and official affairs in Japan universally present. Reverence and respect for the chief magistrate, and all constituted authority, with inborn patriotism, helps much in the direction of success for all their organized efforts. The Japanese, apart from these aids to successful "association" and mutual cooperation for the good of their beloved country, are truly a wise, modest, industrious, thrifty and wonderful people.

The Bank of Japan has a capital of 20,000,000 yen, the yen the same value as each of our enormous stock of silver dollars intended to redeem the treasury notes and other government paper at Washington. The price at which our government figures duty on the yen is 55.6 cents gold value. The pure silver in the coin weighs more than the silver in our dollar. The Japan dollar, yen, has 374 4-10 grains; ours, 371 $\frac{1}{2}$ , market value of the silver in the yen, 48 8-10 cents. In Japan gold accounts are opened for those desiring it. The gold yen in Japan is worth 997-10 cents our money; is issued in pieces of 20, 10, 5, 2 and 1 yen, and contains 23.15 troy grains pure; United States gold dollars, 23.21 grains, pure gold.

The Bank of Japan performs the functions to some extent of the former United States bank, and to some extent the bank of England in our day. The national banks of Japan have had so far excellent success, and we hear of no want of it as to the others. There are 133 national banks, capital \$48,325,000,324 private banks, capital \$23,318,000; and 680 other monetary institutions, capital, \$16,000,000.

Integrity, industry, economy and system rule in Japan. It is not known if the Japanese conscience is developed, and its claims as sole guide and rule to fidelity in business inculcated, as in the United States, but the people are faithful, exact and trustworthy, and so far there is great satisfaction in financial matters. The administrators of the law are appointed by the supreme government, and family or political affiliations do not help the unfaithful servant of the public or the house or institutions there.—Bankers' Monthly.

## In the Nick of Time.

The head of the great house of Crocker & Company, importers and dealers in all kinds of fine china, stood at the door of his establishment, gazing abstractedly across the street. Suddenly his eyes were transfixed by an object in the distance that was moving methodically toward his doorway. Pausing for a brief instant to make sure that he was not mistaken, he rushed frantically to the rear of the store and called excitedly to the several clerks who were busy there:

"Quick! Help me bar up the entrance. There is no time to be lost. Even now all our valuable stock is in imminent peril."

Hastening to the front of the store, in a few seconds they were all engaged in fastening down the iron shutters, locking the doors, and making all secure against the visitation of the strange figure that was even now upon the threshold.

Then it was that the head of the house turned with joyful face and triumphant air toward the brave band of assembled employees who had by their promptness

**THAT APPLE TREE.**

Fiction and Fact in Regard to Lee's Surrender at Appomattox.

Lee Never Gave Grant His Sword, Consequently Grant Never Returned It—Three Versions of the Incident.

It is strange that after so many years and so many authentic statements of the facts in the case, persons who should be well informed continue to misrepresent the circumstance of Gen. Lee's surrender. The Waterbury American recently said:

"Surrender, the Virginia post of piece where, under the famous apple tree, Lee handed his sword to Grant, is Appomattox once more."

Then comes Murat Halsted in the Brooklyn Standard Union to correct the Waterbury man, and goes wrong himself, as follows:

"It is so surprising to see so exact and particular a paper as the American tumble into this long exposed historical misstatement. The only 'tree' under which Lee gave up his sword to Grant—who gave it right back—was Mr. McLean's roof tree, several miles from 'the famous apple tree' under which the surrender never took place, but under which Lee once rested. But it sounds pretty, and that 'goes' with some."

The Richmond Dispatch puts the matter exactly right when it says:

"Lee never handed Grant his sword, consequently Grant never gave it back. What Lee expected to do when he went forward to meet Grant nobody knows. The scrupulous care with which he dressed himself and his precaution to put on his sword and sash indicate that he wished to be prepared for any contingency."

"If Grant had demanded a formal surrender and Lee had accepted his terms Lee would have swallowed the pill and made the surrender of his sword to Grant.

"After what Lee's father had written in criticism of Cornwallis—though we don't believe any prompting of that sort was necessary—never would Lee have thought of delegating such an unpleasant duty to another."

"However, the terms arranged between Grant and Lee were that the confederate officers were to retain their sidearms, and all the officers and soldiers and horses, which were their own property. So there was no 'sword business' in the surrender. Grant behaved very handsomely at Appomattox. Our people will never forget this."

The allusion to Light Horse Harry Lee's criticism of the action of Cornwallis was dwelt upon by Col. Charles Marshall in a notable address made by him in Baltimore on Lee's birthday last year. It is well known that on account of the treatment of our army at Charleston by the victorious British, Washington insisted that the formalities of surrender should be gone through with at Yorktown. Cornwallis would not appear to grace a rebel's triumph. Gen. O'Hara represented him, and Gen. Lincoln Washington. Thus Cornwallis shirked a disagreeable duty. Light Horse Harry thought—as no doubt Washington thought—that it was disgraceful conduct on the part of Cornwallis and in his memories said so.

At Appomattox (as Col. Marshall relates), Grant in one of his letters to Lee, suggested that the arrangements could be made by proxies. Lee never entertained the suggestion. He went forward in person.

When in the parlor of the McLean house, Grant saw Lee before him, calm and dignified in manner, and ceremoniously dressed, he had not the heart to suggest any formal laying down of arms. Lee had put on his sword to go to the meeting, but Grant did not ask for it, nor did Lee offer it.—Atlanta Constitution.

**A Vagary of the Law.**

A man in the city of Baltimore stole a cat. The owner of the cat procured his arrest on a warrant for theft. Then the man's lawyer arose and told the court that his client had not stolen a cat, because it was legally impossible to steal a cat, because only property can be stolen, and cats in the Commonwealth of Maryland are not property, but feline nature—that is to say, felines, which are wild beasts, such as tigers, lions and felis catus, living in the state of nature. The judge was struck dumb by this argument of the man's lawyer, and referred the question to the attorney general, a person of great learning, who in his youth was a mighty hunter of wildcats, which he pursued over peaks and through chasms of the Blue Ridge and chased over back fences and through vacant lots in his native village. The formal decision of the eminent authority has established that, under Maryland law, you cannot steal a cat. Which is another illustrative example of the variation and conflict of the local laws in this country.—Legal Advertiser.

**BRUNI LOST HIS TEMPER.**  
Wrestling Became Monotonous and He Started to Win.  
Caspar Beni and his big cinnamon bear Jumbo had a wrestling match in real earnest the other morning, says the Louisville Courier-Journal.  
Beni is the leader of a band of four Frenchmen. They have three bears. Two of them are cubs about half-grown. They came to Louisville and performed along the outskirts of the city. One of the performances was for Beni to wrestle with Jumbo, who is his personal property. Jumbo has a muzzle over a big, wicked mouth and his long claws are savage looking. Beni charges one dollar for an exhibition in wrestling, but when he struck a crowd at Franklin and Clay streets the other morning that could make up only fifty cents he consented to give an exhibition for that. He seized the bear, digging his fingers into the bear's long, heavy coat of hair.

The bear stood on his haunches and simply laid his front claws on Beni's shoulders. Beni said something sharply in French and the bear began to sway his bulky body. Beni attempted to pull the bear off his feet. The result of the wrestling matches usually is that the bear allows himself to be thrown, according to training. This time, however, Jumbo seemed to be in an ill-humor and would not allow himself to be thrown. Beni spoke angrily to him but the bear only growled. Beni saw that the brute was growing unruly and tried to get away from him to get his sharp-pointed prod.

The crowd was horrified to see the bear begin to encircle the man with his arms. Beni also saw his danger and said something loudly in French to the other three men who were with him. They came running and began to jab and prod the brute with their sticks. This only seemed to anger him more. He began to roar loudly in spite of the muzzle over his mouth and then suddenly struck Beni a hard blow on the face with his paw. The claws sunk into the man's flesh and when the man fell from the force of the blow several ugly wounds were left in his cheek. The brute started for the man as he fell and the crowd scattered, screaming, in all directions. One of the Frenchmen seized the chain of the bear and stood in front of him with the sharp-pointed prod at his breast. The animal could not move without having the stick jabbed into his breast. The other two men kept prodding the animal from each side. In this way he was kept from doing any more damage. Beni was taken to Dr. Hall's office, where his cheek was dressed.

**FOUND IN THE CLOCK.**  
An Old Clock Mender Makes a Few Interesting Deductions.  
"Yes," said the old clock mender, "I find lots of curious things in clocks that haven't any right to be there. Look at that 'domestic'—it was so plugged up it couldn't strike, and it didn't keep time anyhow."

"Why do you call it a 'domestic'?"  
"Cause it's the cheapest and most popular clock there is for sale. It's gothic and looks fine in a parlor that ain't got much other furniture. You wouldn't believe it, but that there clock when it's brand new only costs two dollars, an' yet there's lots of 'em bought on the installment plan. This one's been running about two years."

"How do you know?"  
"By the signs. Key's kind of new—face ain't tarnished, and the works are all right."

"Then why did it need repairs?"  
"It had been taken down from its shelf to be wound, and a child had been foolin' with it."

"Oh, they told you that?"  
"Deed they didn't—here is one of the signs," and the old clock-mender held on one finger a baby's shoe. "I found that stuffed in the striking bell. Sometimes it's a roll of lampwick, then a love letter; and it's a great place for the children to hide rubbish, but this is the first time I ever found a shoe." And he sat down to make out his bill for repairs.—Detroit Free Press.

**Revival of the Curfew.**  
There is to be a revival of the curfew in Canada, and if it prove successful in the cities and towns of that dominion it is not unlikely that it may be used in some parts of the United States, writes John Gilmer Speed in Ladies' Home Journal. The law which has been enacted by the legislatures of Quebec and Ontario was drafted by the Society for the Protection of Women and Children, and provides that the municipal councils in cities, towns and incorporated villages shall have power to pass by-laws for the regulation of the time after which children shall not be in the streets at nightfall without proper guardianship. The law also provides that these councils shall cause a bell to be rung at or near the time appointed, as a warning, to be called the curfew bell, after which the children so required to be at their homes or off the streets shall be liable to be warned by any constable or police officer to go home.—St. Louis Republic.

**"J" in Millionaires' Names.**  
Is the homely little crooked letter "J" really a mascot, or is it only a coincidence that is to be found in the given or Christian name of so many millionaires? The recent death of "J. G. Fair" has suggested the following compilation of millionaires' names which contain the luck-bestowing letter: J. D. Rockefeller, J. J. Astor, Jay Gould, John M. Sears, J. S. Morgan, J. P. Morgan, J. B. Haggard, J. W. Garrett, J. G. Fair, John Wanamaker, J. W. Mackay, J. G. Flood, J. M. Constable, John T. Martin and John Arbuckle. None of the above are rated at less than ten million dollars, and several at from six to ten times that sum.—St. Louis Republic.

**OLD-TIME TRAVEL.**

A Comparison with That of the Present Time.

In Many Points Advantage Appears to Favor the Former—Then One Covered One-Eighth the Territory Eight Times as Well.

The horizon of one's travel is to day immeasurably extended beyond the limits of that far-off yesterday, and yet, says Champion Bissell in Lippincott's, it seems no wider to the eye. If Denver or Salt Lake City is now three days from Albany, so was Buffalo half a century ago. The journey to Colorado or Utah is noisy and tiresome. The trip from Buffalo to Albany was quiet and restful. You saw, perhaps, one-eighth as much territory, but you saw it eight times as thoroughly. You were a part of the lovely long-drawn-out sunrise and twilights of the summer, of the waving wheat-fields, the rich meadows, the lush and dewy pastures, the well-cultivated domains of corn and potatoes, that gladdened the eyes all through the fertilities of central New York. Sitting on the deck at night you were neighbored overhead by the lustrous Lyra, and by the immense brilliancies of the Swan circling up and over out of the north-eastern skies, while the handle of the never-setting dipper pointed to Arcturus bending his course to the west. Above, there was nothing between you and the infinite; all around you were the ineffable dewy flavors of a summer night in the fields, the hushed murmurs of nature which never wholly sleep; and underneath you was the soft swish of the water, while at the stern the voice of the watchful steersman now and then broke the stillness with the warning cry: "Low bridge," in obedience to which you bent down your head until you cleared the overhanging structure.

All this is now as remote and impossible as it would be to find Lycidas and Simichidas sitting opposite each other in a shady nook of Sicily, celebrating the festival of Demeter, the goddess of harvests, and contesting with each other for the prize of pastoral lyrics. Do you suppose that you could go up into the hills from Palermo, or Messina, or Catania, and find such a jolly party as the "Thalysia" depicts? "Around whom, sitting on the grass, tufted larks and goldfinches were singing, the turtle-dove was cooing, tawny bees were humming about the fountains; all things were exhaling the incense of very plenteous summer and of fruit time. Pears lay honey-sweet and musky at our feet; and by our sides apples were rolling in abundance; boughs weighed down to the ground with damsons shaded us. And then too from the mouths of the wine-flasks we knocked off the four years' wax."

No. If you found any grapes, apples or oranges, they would be behind sufficient inclosures; the proprietor would demand to be paid in current coin of the realm, and by some occult telegraphy he would contrive to set a gang of brigands on your track before you were fairly out of sight.

**Buck Paralysis.**

A North Auburn hunter, who is a crack shot, tells the following story about himself: He says that while out hunting the other day he came upon a fine large deer, not over two rods away. He attempted to raise his rifle to his shoulder, but his arm became suddenly paralyzed. At that moment it would have been as much an impossibility to lift a feather as a thousand-weight of iron. All he could do was to stand there and watch the deer disappear in the distance. Then his arm regained its normal condition and he started on the trail again. After awhile he came upon the deer a second time, the game being less than twenty rods away. Again the hunter attempted to raise his rifle to his shoulder, and again his arm refused to serve him. He gave it up and went home. This man is a veteran hunter, and he says that he never had any trouble of this kind before. "If it had been a gray squirrel," said he, upon his return, "I could have shot its head off without half trying."—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

**For Rent.**

Offices and sleeping rooms for rent.

**Real Estate**  
Bought, sold and exchanged. Apply at room 4, Hurley's building, 121 East Third. ED HURLEY.

**Money to Lend.**

We have a large sum of money to lend on farms and central city property. Call on or address A. P. Morey, 410 Ohio street, Sedalia, Mo.

**A CALIFORNIA POINTER.**

You are not asked to buy tickets over the Santa Fe Route to California, unless fully convinced that it is a better line than any other.

Convincing facts cheerfully furnished by local agents, or they can be had by addressing G. T. Nicholson, G. P. A., Monadnock Building, Chicago.

Here is one: No other road owns its own tracks and runs Pullman palace and tourist sleepers daily all the way between Chicago and Los Angeles.

And another: Our tourist sleepers are first-class in comfort and second-class in price, a combination that ought to please.

And still another: Our line is several hundred miles the shortest and many hours the quickest—a saving of time counts for a good deal in a long journey.

**A California Summer.** Is scarcely less attractive than the winter season there... You may doubt this. It is explained and verified in our illustrated book—"To California and Back." For free copy address G. T. NICHOLSON, G. P. A., Monadnock Building, Chicago.

**THE CLAIM ALLOWED.**

Postmaster Hart's Good Luck in Having Industrious Friends.

A Washington dispatch to the Globe-Democrat says: "Volney P. Hart, postmaster at Sedalia, did not get in his claim until a few days before the close of the session. The committee on claims reported the day before adjournment, as follows:

"On April 11, 1894, the postoffice department at Washington, D. C., sent to Volney P. Hart, postmaster at Sedalia, Mo., the sum of \$9,000, to be disbursed by him, under the regulations then existing,

in payment of amounts due to postal clerks and other employees of the postoffice department. Volney P. Hart immediately deposited the same in the First National bank of Sedalia to his credit as postmaster. He paid the accounts of the employees as rapidly as presented, till the 4th day of May, 1894, when the bank failed, leaving the sum of \$5,931.95 still in the bank to his credit. The same was lost without any fault on the part of the postmaster, and ought to be paid back to him.

"Ordinarily the claim would have made no further progress. But Mr. Hart had influential friends at both ends of the capital. His claim was slipped into the general deficiency bill in the closing hours of congress, and is now law. The act provides that he shall receive the \$5,931.95, and shall make over to the government his account with the broken bank to get what it can out of the wreck."

In the fall of 1893 a son of Mr. T. A. McFarland, a prominent merchant of Live Oak, Sutter Co., Cal., was taken with a very heavy cold. The pains in his chest were so severe that he had spasms and was threatened with pneumonia. His father gave him several large doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which broke up the cough and cured him. Mr. McFarland says whenever his children have croup he invariably gives them Chamberlain's Cough remedy and it always cures them. He considers it the best cough remedy in the market.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, H. W. Servant, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, O. M. Brooks, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

Chamberlain's remedies at Fleischmann's, Fourth and Ohio.

**THE TWICE-A-WEEK REPUBLIC.**

Special Offer, Good Only Until March 31st, 1895.

Send two new subscribers with two dollars and get one year free.

Send four new subscribers with four dollars and receive the paper two years without cost.

"Do you know a good thing when you see it? a word to the wise is sufficient." Address,

THE REPUBLIC,  
St. Louis, Mo.

Male Help Wanted.

WANTED—Salesmen. —\$75 per week, selling electric light outfits for houses, stores and shops. Motors for running machinery, and other popular patented articles; outfits complete when shipped; best people buy; permanent situation; no experience. W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio.

**For Rent.**

Offices and sleeping rooms for rent.

**Real Estate**

Bought, sold and exchanged. Apply at room 4, Hurley's building, 121 East Third. ED HURLEY.

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**DON'T STOP TOBACCO**

ITS INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases, the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted.

Ask your druggist about BACO-CURO.

It is pure vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with BACO-CURO.

It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease.

Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke.

An iron-clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms, or money refunded. Price \$1.00 per box or 3 boxes (30 days treatment and guaranteed cure,) \$2.50. For sale by all druggists or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price.

SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX. Booklets and proofs free.

Eureka Chemical & Mfg Co., La Crosse, Wis.

Office of PIONEER PRESS COMPANY, C. W. HORICK, Supt.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 7, 1894.

## BRIEFLY HISTORIC.

Something About Sedalia and Georgetown.

## AN INTERESTING STORY.

It Is Related by "Helena," in a Communication to the Hannibal Journal.

Writing of the early history of Sedalia, "Helena" has the following interesting communication in the Hannibal Journal of Sunday:

Apropos of the subject of the removal of the capital of Missouri from Jefferson City to Sedalia, there are some facts relating to the origin and early history of the "Queen City of the Prairies" with which the writer has had occasion to become familiar, that may be of interest to the public just at this juncture. The story savors strongly of the romantic, an element for which one has not far to seek in the study of nearly all that pertains to the history of our western civilization.

From the organization of Pettis county in 1833 until late in the fifties, the county seat was located at Georgetown, two miles north of the site of the present city of Sedalia. During that period Georgetown became quite a pretentious village for those pioneer days, and the walls of the little brick court house—a luxurious building in contrast with the log structures surrounding it—resounded with the eloquence of voices whose silver-tongued oratory has since swayed the multitude in the political arena, and reverberated in the legislative halls of the nation.

Here Geo. G. Vest fought his first forensic battles, and cultivated the talents that have placed him in the front rank of statesmen. During the summer of '92, the little two-roomed house was shown to the writer, where John F. Philips, the present distinguished United States judge for the western district of Missouri, then a young and struggling lawyer, first brought his Kentucky bride and introduced her to the society of Georgetown.

Mr. Geo. Heard, the father of Congressman John T. Heard, was the school master of the village from the earliest dawn of its history, and taught many successive generations of the youth of Pettis. This gentleman died in 1894 at an advanced age, loved and honored by all who knew him. Many other notable names might be mentioned.

Among the prominent residents of Georgetown was General Geo. R. Smith, whose title was acquired in the famous Mormon fiasco of the latter thirties. Smith had raised a company of militia and started with them for the scene of operations in Carroll county. The war terminated, however, while the command was en route, and upon the receipt of this news, the volunteers returned to their homes. The title of "General" clung to him for the remainder of his life, in true southern fashion.

During the period alluded to above he became quite prominent in public affairs, representing his county in the general assembly, and making a creditable though unsuccessful race for congress.

He was, for a number of years, a director of the Missouri Pacific railroad, as the records of the company show. In '53, '54 and '55 he devoted much time and effort in inducing the counties of Central Missouri to subscribe largely to the construction of this road, and by these measures was mainly instrumental in securing the railroad through these counties, instead of what is known as the "river route," as at first contemplated.

When this matter was fully decided, Smith purchased a large tract of unimproved prairie land on which is located the present city of Sedalia. The railroad was still many miles away. On this tract he proceeded to lay out a town, and advertised the first sale of lots. Because of this action he was pronounced crazy by all the other Georgians, who thought the railroad must of necessity come through that village. General Smith believed otherwise, and subsequent events demonstrated the soundness of his conclusions.

Only the distant sound of the locomotive woke the woodland echoes of Georgetown until many years later, when the Lexington branch passed near the place. The new town was platted under the immediate supervision of its projector, many lots being set apart for school houses, churches, a courthouse and

other public buildings that existed only in his fertile imagination. That they have beautifully and substantially materialized the present appearance of Sedalia abundantly testifies.

The family of George R. Smith consisted of a wife and two daughters. The youngest of these two girls was named "Sarah," but the father's favorite appellation for his baby daughter was "Seddie," instead of "Sadie," which he commonly substituted for "Sarah."

Casting about for a name for the infant city, he decided to honor his daughter by improvising a name from hers, and "Sedville" was decided upon. For some time this was the accepted cognomen, but on the occasion of a visit which the family subsequently made to some friends in St. Louis, the subject of the name of the new town came up for discussion and criticism.

During the conversation the termination "alia" instead of "ville" was suggested a more euphonious. After further consideration the change from Sedville to Sedalia was determined upon, and steps were taken to legalize its adoption.

Just previous to the breaking out of the war of the rebellion the county seat was moved from Georgetown to Sedalia, and at the time of the afore mentioned visit of the writer to the "deserted village," it was a wilderness of hollyhocks, tumble-down structures and negroes.

The new town flourished for awhile, but the distractions of the civil war greatly retarded its growth, and some of the notable events of that distressing period occurred there. When quiet was again restored the city took a decided forward movement, which was greatly accelerated by the valuable railroad facilities she had acquired. Both her subsequent history and her progressive spirit are too well known to need enlarging upon. The writer has observed and often commented upon the fact that whatever the social, political or religious differences of the people of Sedalia they are a unit in all that tends to the advancement of their own fair city, and the people of the ancient capital will find them presenting a solid front in the approaching contest.

The original "Seddie" is still an honored resident of the Queen City. Though somewhat past middle life, she has all the vivacity and sprightliness of a woman of thirty. Gifted with a singularly attractive personality that has been enhanced by years of foreign travel and culture, the romantic relation she bears to the origin of her beloved and beautiful city, to which she is devotedly attached, seems eminently appropriate. Those who know her best will the most heartily endorse this statement. She is a widow, as is also the sister above mentioned, and in the stately home planned and built by the father, they dispense a gracious and bounteous hospitality. Pictures, books innumerable, and rare bric-a-brac gathered from the four quarters of the earth adorn this cultured home.

Of immense wealth these ladies have been prodigal in their gifts to Sedalia, whose prosperity they have deeply at heart. The father died some fifteen years ago, and his remains lie in the city cemetery, not far from the location of the Geo. R. Smith college, which his munificence so generously endowed.

The Kaiser Hotel Restaurant on Lamine Street

Will give you a better meal for 25 cents than anybody else in or outside of Sedalia. We receive daily special cuts of extra select beef, pork and mutton from Armour and Swift's Meat Co. in Kansas City. We buy the choicest vegetables in the market. Our kitchen is in the hands of experienced, clean and sober cooks. Give us a trial, and if you are not satisfied, do not pay us. Boarders by the week or month at reasonable rates.

A. FISCHER.

Judge Ryland's Condition.

Judge John E. Ryland writes to Hon. Sam'l Davis, from New York, where he (Ryland) is being treated for cancerous affection of the lip, says the Marshall Democrat-News, that it will be impossible for him to hold the March term of the criminal court at Marshall.

Nothing but most serious illness prevents Judge Ryland from opening and holding his court with his usual promptness, and we assure him his Saline county constituents sympathize with him in his temporary affliction and will rejoice to see him restored to health and to his place upon the bench which he has so highly honored for years.

Flax Seed to Loan.

I will loan to good and responsible farmers flax seed for sowing.

D. BLOCHER.

Dr. SHIMP,  
SPECIALIST.

No False Inducements

Throw Out.

Dr. Shimp can assure relief and cure in every case undertaken. The following diseases are our specialties, skillfully and successfully treated, and curable cases guaranteed.

**Nasal Catarrh.** Not a failure to cure. Phenomenal success in lung complaints, and testimonials from all parts of the country.

**Kidney and Bladder Diseases,** not standing or in which the diagnostic changes have not gone too far, can be cured; and diseases of the rectum, com-

**STOMACH** diseases in many forms are cured where all other methods have failed; the doctor's new and tried remedies are magical in their curative action.

**Diseases of Women.** Advantages have rendered treatment and cure of these complicated ailments most gratifying in every case. Rapid recovery follows in all cases undertaken. No embarrassing exposures.

**Young Men** cases which allowed to

in their course, undermines the system, ends

in the grave or the asylum for the insane or idiotic, may by applying in time be fully reformed. You may now be in the first stage, but you are approaching the last, when no physician can help you. New and effective treatment in special diseases—Gout, Varicose and diseases of the heart.

**Special Diseases** urine, emissions, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, St. Vitus Disease, Stomach Catarrh, and Liver Complaints, Asthma, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Heart, Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases and all obscure diseases of the blood and skin are treated with phenomenal success. A trial will convince the most skeptical of the superiority of this system of treatment over others.

Consultation Free.

**OFFICES:**  
216 Ohio Street, Sedalia, Mo.

THOS. P. HOY, Esq.  
(Late Probate Judge),  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
410 OHIO STREET.

Especial attention given to Probate business.

QUEEN CITY  
**TRUNK**  
FACTORY.

113 East 3d St. Sedalia, Mo.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas Lucy E. Blocher and David Blocher, her husband, by their certain deed of trust, dated February 9th, 1889, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, Missouri, in trust deed record 559, on pages 559 and 560, for the First National bank of Sedalia, Missouri, trustee for the First National bank of Sedalia, Missouri, the following described real estate.

The west half of lot number five (5), and the east half of lot number six (6), in block number 44, of Webster's subdivision of lots 7, 8 and 9 of McVey's addition to the city of Sedalia, Missouri.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure payment of a certain promissory note, in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas said note has become due and is unpaid; and whereas it is provided in said trust deed that in case of the absence of said R. C. Sneed from the county of Pettis that the acting sheriff of Pettis county, or his designee, shall be the trustee in said deed of trust described in lieu of said R. C. Sneed; and whereas the said R. C. Sneed has removed from the county of Pettis and is now absent therefrom, now however, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, in consequence of the removal of said R. C. Sneed, the said real property in said note, is the undersigned acting sheriff of Pettis county, state of Missouri, will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the west front door of the court house in the city of Sedalia, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction.

Saturday, March 23rd, 1895, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to satisfy said note and the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

JOHN C. PORTER,  
Sheriff of Pettis County, Missouri, Ex-officio  
In Lieu of R. C. Sneed.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas Lucy E. Blocher and David Blocher, her husband, by their certain deed of trust, dated December 9th, 1890, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, Missouri, in trust deed record 65, on page 118, conveyed to one John Montgomery, Jr., trustee for the First National bank of Sedalia, Missouri, the following described real estate.

Lots eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) of J. H. Day's addition to the city of Sedalia, Missouri.

Which said deed was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note, in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas said note has become due and is unpaid; and whereas it is provided in said trust deed that in case of the absence of Eliza McMullin, deceased, the undersigned trustee, will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the west front door of the court house in the city of Sedalia, and county of Pettis, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction.

Saturday, March 23rd, 1895, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to satisfy said note and pay the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

JOHN MONTGOMERY, JR.,  
Trustee.

Public Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the probate court, of Pettis county, Missouri, the undersigned public administrator for said county, has taken charge of the estate of Eliza McMullin, deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they shall be forever barred.

This 21st day of February, 1895.  
JOHN R. CLOPTON,  
Public Administrator.

## Notice of Trustee's Sale.

(First publication March 8th, 1895.) Whereas, on November 29th, 1890, Elizabeth S. Lampton, wife of Eliza, and deceased, died in her bed of trust, for the purpose of securing the payment of one bond for the sum of eleven hundred dollars (\$1100), with interest coupons attached named in said deed of trust, wherein she conveyed to the undersigned, David H. Etien, trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to wit:

Lot No. nine (9), of block No. twenty-three (23), in Martin & Smith's second (2d) addition to the city of Sedalia, Missouri, according to the recorded plat thereof.

At the time of said deed of trust was, on December 2d, 1890, at 9:30 o'clock a.m., duly recorded in T. D. & M. Record 57, at pages 44 to 48 of the records of said Pettis county, Missouri, and whereas, it is provided in said bond and deed of trust that, if the said Elizabeth S. Lampton fail to pay, or cannot pay, the principal amount of the said bond and interest, then the whole amount of said bond shall at once become due and payable, without notice; and whereas the said Elizabeth S. Lampton has failed to pay, or cause to be paid, the interest coupons attached to said bond, which became due and payable on the 1st day of January, 1891, and the first day of December, 1891, and the first day of December, 1892, therefore the whole amount of said bond is now due and payable and unpaid under the terms of said bond and deed of trust.

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, David H. Etien, trustee named in said deed of trust, under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by said deed of trust, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said bond, will proceed to sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for the amount of the principal and interest of the same, and the costs of executing this trust.

TUESDAY, the 2d day of April, A.D. 1895.

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, for the purpose of raising the money to pay the amount of said bond, with interest, insurance and taxes paid by the owner of said bond on said real estate, and the costs of executing this trust.

DAVID H. ETIEN, Trustee.

Order of Publication—No. 5572.

STATE OF MISSOURI, I, ss.

COUNTY OF PETTIS, I, ss.

In the circuit court of Pettis county, January term, 1895.

W. A. Latimer, receiver of the First National bank of Sedalia, Mo., plaintiff, vs. James C. Thompson, defendant.

Now, at this day come the plaintiff herein, by his attorney and files his petition and affidavit, alleging among other things, that defendant, James C. Thompson, has absconded from the state of Missouri and is not now within the state, and that he has absented himself from his usual place of abode in this state that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. Whereupon it is ordered by the court that said defendant be notified by publication that plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, to recover the amount of the said bond, and that if not, then on or before the last day of said term—answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

It is further ordered, according to law, in the **SEDALIA WEEKLY DEMOCRAT**, a newspaper printed and published in Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri—for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least four weeks before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

Attest:

P. H. LONGAN, Circuit Clerk.

By JNO. M. GLENN, D. C.

JNO. M. GLENN, D. C., WM. S. SHIRK, plaintiff's attorney.

Order of Publication—No. 5555.

STATE OF MISSOURI, I, ss.

COUNTY OF PETTIS, I, ss.

In the circuit court of Pettis county, January term, 1895.

W. A. Latimer, receiver of the First National bank of Sedalia, Mo., plaintiff, vs. James C. Thompson, defendant.

Now, at this day comes the plaintiff herein, by his attorney and files his petition and affidavit, alleging among other things, that defendant, James C. Thompson, has absconded from the state of Missouri and is not now within the state, and that he has absented himself from his usual place of abode in this state that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. Whereupon it is ordered by the court that said defendant be notified by publication that plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, to recover the amount of the said bond, and that if not, then on or before the last day of said term—answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

It is further ordered, according to law, in the **SEDALIA WEEKLY DEMOCRAT**, a newspaper printed and published in Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri—for four weeks successively, the last insertion whereof shall be at least four weeks before the commencement of the said May term of this court.

Attest:

P. H. LONGAN, Circuit Clerk.

By JNO. M. GLENN, D. C.

JNO. M. GLENN, D. C., WM. S. SHIRK, plaintiff's attorney.

Order of Publication—No. 5573.

STATE OF MISSOURI, I, ss.

## PASSED THE HOUSE.

The Yeater Guarantee Bill Goes Through.

## VOTE ALMOST UNANIMOUS.

Tubbs Tries to Load it Down But the House Stands by Sedalia Every Time.

Special to the DEMOCRAT.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 13.—Sedalia and capital removal scored another victory in the house today and, as was expected, it was as sweeping as the late victory which the Queen City won in the senate.

Col. Bothwell called up senate bill 402 (the Yeater guarantee bill) providing for the deposit with the governor by the city of Sedalia, on or before May 1st, 1896, of satisfactory guarantee of Sedalia's ability and disposition to fulfill the terms of the concurrent resolution providing for submitting the capital removal proposition.

The irrepressible and pugnacious Dr. Tubbs, of Osage county, sought to load the measure down with amendments and objections. He first proposed to make the guarantee five million dollars. This amendment was beaten. Then he wanted Sedalia required to put up three million dollars, and again the house rejected his amendment. He urged that the bill places too much power in the hands of the governor; again the Osage county reformer was sat upon by the house.

Finally even Tubbs saw that the house was determined and he subsided. The roll was then called and the bill passed, exactly as it came from the senate, by a vote of 111 to 9.

Every move made by her enemies has made Sedalia stronger, and this bill which passed today provides for officially notifying the people that Sedalia has complied with her promises and insures the adoption of the amendment by the people.

## FATALLY SHOT.

Otto Wernecke, of Bowling Green, Mo., Was Going Hunting.

Otto Wernecke was fatally shot yesterday at the farmhouse of the McCormick Live Stock company, near Bowling Green, Mo., while preparing for a duck hunt, and died at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The shooting was accidental.

Harry McCormick, of St. Louis, Pick Hawkins and Geo. Lee, of the stock farm, Wernecke and John Wilson, of Bowling Green, were starting for a hunt. Wilson had a hammerless breech-loader, which Wernecke, in a playful way, attempted to take from him. In some way he discharged the piece in such a manner that the contents of both barrels entered his abdomen on the right side.

## WANT SENTENCE COMMUTED

An Appeal to Governor Stone for Executive Clemency.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 14.—Rev. Jesse F. Peck, Rev. E. M. Cohron and Jerry Grider, the first two pastors of the two colored churches of the city, left last night for Jefferson City, where they will appeal to Governor Stone for a commutation of sentence for Joseph Burries, the negro who is to hang here a week from next Friday.

They took with them a petition signed by about 400 colored people. Judge Woodson, who sentenced him, and Prosecuting Attorney Culver refused to sign the petition.

Yesterday Robert Anderson, another colored man who was arrested on a charge of larceny, was turned into the jail, where Burries attacked him with a short iron bar and beat him seriously. Anderson was one of the principal witnesses against Burries.

## PICTURED STORY OF CRIME.

How a Domestic Tragedy Will Be Portrayed in a Chicago Court.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 14.—The defense of Jacob Miller, confessed slayer of his wife, will be unique. The novel idea of employing an artist to draw with all the skill at his command illustrations of the doings of the Miller family on the day of the killing was suggested, and it is by these sketches that At-

torney Freudenthal hopes to clear his client.

The pictures are ten in number, and are drawn on heavy cardboard, 10x12 inches in size. They tell the story of the crime in full, and need neither text nor rhetoric to explain their meaning. The question of their admissibility as evidence was at first a matter of doubt, but that has been removed by the appearance of an eye-witness to all the scenes in the domestic drama, who will be able to identify the pictures as actual scenes in the Miller home on the day of the killing. No. 1 represents Mrs. Miller in a compromising situation. No. 2 pictures Miller returning home from his work, dinner-pail in hand. He has scarcely opened the door when the wife begins to beat him with a club. Next the supper scene pictures Mrs. Miller hurling a poker at her husband. The man starts to leave the room, but the club is again dealt vigorously as Miller flees. The face of the woman is demoniacal. Two more of the drawings are repetitions of those preceding, but in the sixth the wife falls to her knees and implores her husband to sue for a divorce and free her. She mentions the name of another for whom her love is greater. Through the doorway their two children view the scene with amazement. Miller prepares to go down town and retain a lawyer to secure him a decree. As he leaves the room his wife's fury returns, and seizing a hatchet she rushes at him. The shaving mug and brush are dropped, Miller retaining his hold upon the razor. He turns, and, just as the weapon in his wife's hands is about to descend, he uses the shining steel blade with terrible success. This, the last picture of the series, shows the wife falling back, the blood spurting from a wound in her throat, and the hatchet, with which she sought the life of her husband, falling from her lifeless hands.

The case is on the call for trial tomorrow morning in Judge Stein's court. This introduction of the picture play as a defense in a criminal trial will be watched intently by the legal profession.

## HE LOST \$850.

Painted Diamonds Fooled a Kansas City Man.

For answering an advertisement in a morning paper, a few days ago, W. H. H. Freeman, a prominent attorney of Kansas City, formerly of Chicago, is loser just \$850. He loaned \$1,000 on diamonds offered as security, which now turn out to be worth but \$150. The man who visited Mr. Freeman after receiving a letter in answer to the advertisement was neatly dressed, of convincing speech and polite demeanor. He presented himself as an owner and backer of racing horses, which had been out of form during the last season, and whose losses had temporarily embarrassed him.

The diamonds, which he offered as security for a loan, were handsome gems, the one in a plain gold ring and the other in a stud. By C. L. Lee, the jeweler who examined the stones for Freeman, they were declared of remarkable purity. The diamond in the ring weighed five karats. The other stone was not quite so large, but had slightly less flaw.

The stud stone, the expert, after careful examination, valued at \$1,300, the other at \$1,250. In less than half an hour after meeting the pretended horseman, the former had loaned him \$1,000 and had taken the diamonds as security.

It was several days before Freeman discovered that he had been defrauded, and then no trace of the shaft could be found. Not only was the attorney bungoed, but the jeweler was completely deceived by the appearance of the diamonds, they having been changed by "painting," a most difficult and unusual process.

Two Sedilians Complimented.

Hon. J. H. Bothwell, as representative, and Hon. Chas. E. Yeater, as senator, both from Pettis county, in the general assembly, have shown themselves to be able, sincere and up-to-date representatives of an intelligent and progressive constituency. It is natural that in their advocacy of the capital removal movement that they were enthusiastic and aggressive, but they have done equally good service in other legislation, not losing sight of the fact that they owe a duty to other sections and citizens of the state. There are a number of important measures of vital interest to their fellow-citizens in Missouri, upon which the News hopes to see them act and vote in the same broad spirit and for the general welfare as honestly and with as much earnestness as has distinguished their efforts in other directions.—Straws.

PACIFIC AGAINST ATLANTIC.  
Western Fishing Companies Competing in Eastern Markets.

The prediction made at the time of the acquisition of Alaska by the United States that her halibut fisheries would in time compete with those of the North Atlantic seems about to be verified, says the Boston Herald. Four years ago companies engaged in halibut fishing at Seattle conceived the idea that their product could be sold in Boston at a fair profit and sent large shipments to this city up to November last. It proved to be a financial failure, however, and was abandoned.

In November last four companies at Vancouver began to ship large quantities of halibut to Boston and their product was handled entirely by the New England Halibut company and the Atlantic Halibut company for New England. These shipments are made over the Canadian Pacific railroad and the car load of halibut is attached to the passenger train, which makes the trip in about seven days. When the fish reach Boston the two companies dispose of it to the dealers all over New England.

The fish of Vancouver compares in flavor to the North Atlantic halibut and sells for the same to the consumer, but the dealer has the benefit of 1½ cents difference in cost, the eastern halibut selling at 8½ cents per hundred, while the Vancouver halibut sells at 7 cents.

There have been 200,000 pounds of this fish shipped from the west this week. The price of western halibut is so low that it is impossible for the eastern fishing vessels to do any business, as they are compelled to run at a loss.

After March these shipments will cease, as it will be impossible to handle the product on account of the risk that is attached to perishable goods. The goods will spoil before reaching their destination unless packed with ice along the road, and that will not be profitable.

This is the first season that these companies have shipped their product to Boston. Their object is to drive out the halibut business in the east and to unload their product in Boston. These western companies can make a fishing trip in about ten days, where it takes our vessels about four weeks to make the trip.

## MARBLE FROM LIMESTONE.

A Successful Industry Developed at Chelsea, England.

The production of marble from limestone by artificial means, some time since, undertaken at Chelsea, England, is lesser just \$850. He loaned \$1,000 on diamonds offered as security, which now turn out to be worth but \$150. The man who visited Mr. Freeman after receiving a letter in answer to the advertisement was neatly dressed, of convincing speech and polite demeanor. He presented himself as an owner and backer of racing horses, which had been out of form during the last season, and whose losses had temporarily embarrassed him.

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## Wild Enough for Her.

At the dinner table in a country hotel a guest says to a waitress:

"Miss, are you sure that this is wild duck that you are giving me?"

"Wild? Well, I should think it was! If you'd seen us chasin' that duck more'n forty times 'round the barnyard 'fore we ketched it, I guess you'd believe it was wild."—Youth's Companion.

## How to Do Business.

A well-written advertisement, run in a good paper, with a bona-fide circulation, which is bought and paid for by good people because of its true worth, is the most successful method of attracting business known to the world of trade.—Straws.

## Sedalia Democrat: Friday, March 15, 1895.

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## Just Received.

A car load of the wide and well known Haworth planters and check rows by the Sedalia Implement Co., No. 210 and 212 Osage street, Sedalia, Mo. Call and see them.

Place a list of your property for sale with C. D. Brown, he will sell it for you.

I will rent your houses for you and remit promptly.

Call On

C. D. BROWN.

Equitable Bldg. Cor. 4th & Lamme Sts.

Telephone 230.

High class perfumes—Servant's Pharmacy.

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